## CITY OF HAPEVILLE, GEORGIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Prepared By: Finance Department

#### ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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### **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**



November 18, 2024

To the Mayor, City Council, Citizens of the City of Hapeville, Georgia and the Financial Community ALAN HALLMAN MAYOR

MIKE RAST ALDERMAN

**BRETT REICHERT**COUNCILMAN AT LARGE

MARK ADAMS COUNCILMAN WARD I

CHLOE ALEXANDER COUNCILMAN WARD II

#### Introduction

Georgia law requires all local governments to prepare a complete set of financial statements, presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and audited by a certified public accounting firm. These financial statements are required by the State of Georgia (State) to be prepared within six months of the end of each fiscal year. However, an extension may be granted for an additional six months if deemed appropriate. Pursuant to that state requirement, enclosed is the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

This ACFR consists of City management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Therefore, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information contained in the report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the management of the City has established internal controls that are designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's framework of internal controls has been designed to provide for reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements. Management asserts that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this annual financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, have been audited by Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC, an auditing firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC, concluded, based upon the completed audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that City management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) report. In addition to the MD&A, this Letter of Transmittal is designed to complement the City's MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report.

#### Profile of the City Government

The City, located in the south/central portion of Georgia on I-75, has its corporate limits contiguous to those of the City of Atlanta and is approximately seven miles from the State Capitol. Access is afforded by I-85, I-75 and the Metropolitan Atlanta Regional Transit Authority (MARTA). MARTA also provides extensive bus service to supplement the rail system. For travel inside and outside the State, the Hartsfield-Jackson International Airport is within two miles of the City and remains one of the busiest airports in the world. The City encompasses 2.5 square miles and serves a population of 6,691 according to 2023 estimates from U.S. Census Bureau.

Created on September 16, 1891, by an act of the Georgia General Assembly, the City operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. The mayor and council members serve four-year staggered terms. The Mayor presides at the Council meetings and only votes in the event of a tie. The City Manager is the City's chief executive officer with oversight of all city departments and operations.

The City Council, as the City's governing authority, is responsible for establishing policy for City operations, enacting ordinances and resolutions to promote the city's health, safety, and welfare. The City Council annually adopts an operating budget and millage rate which funds City services.

The City's Annual Budget represents the plan for providing needed public services for each fiscal year and serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All City department directors are required to submit requests for appropriations to the City Manager and Finance Director, who in turn, prepare and submit a recommended budget to the City Council. The Council reviews the recommended budget and conducts a state required budget public hearing to obtain citizen comments. After the public hearing, the Council then adopts the budget no later than June 30 of each year. The approved budget is prepared by fund and department.

#### Factors Affecting Financial Conditions

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which City operates.

#### Local Economy

During the fiscal year, the City's overall local economy experienced improvement in performance compared to prior year. The City has seen its <u>real & personal property tax assessments increase by 49% from year 2019 to year 2024</u>. In contending with changing economic times, the Mayor, City Council and City management, including the Development Authority, have worked to promote the City and have succeeded in largely sustaining the City.

In addition, the City staff continued to aggressively recruit new businesses and industrial prospects by showcasing the City's great location and moderate climate, as well as the availability of utilities, a skilled work force, and business incentives. The City has rail transportation through the City. It is also adjacent to the Hartsfield-Jackson International Airport and is bordered on the west by Interstate I-85 and on the east by Interstate I-75. Interstate 20 runs east-west about 10 miles north of the City.

Below are the projects that are impacting the local economy during the fiscal year:

- Continuing renovations of several parks and grounds facilities
- Replacement of City roofs at City Hall and Police Department Municipal Court Building
- Refurbishing the Water, Sewer and Storm water infrastructure
- Renovation/landscaping of North Central Avenue business district
- Building renovations of new Public Works facility
- Continuation of art projects enhancing the brand a city for the arts

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial and required supplemental information sections of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for improved financial management.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) has awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Hapeville for its annual comprehensive financial report for the past nine years, including this past 2023 year. Based on GFOA guidelines, to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy generally accepted accounting principles, applicable legal requirements and GFOA standards.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's reporting standards and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate for our tenth consecutive year.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the finance department and the great support received from other departments. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of our departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. We also wish to extend our appreciation to the auditing firm of Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC, for their professionalism in conducting the audit of the City's basic financial statements and related note disclosures.

Maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances and financial reporting is made possible by the unfailing support and encouragement of the City Manager, the Mayor and the City Council for their recognition of the importance of the ACFR information for the citizens, vendors and creditors of the City.

Respectfully submitted,

Tim Young, CPA City Manager Randy Brewer, MBA Finance Director

3468 North Fulton Avenue, Hapeville, Georgia 30354 City Hall 404.669.2100 www.hapeville.org



#### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## City of Hapeville Georgia

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



**ALAN HALLMAN** MAYOR

MIKE RAST

ALDERMAN AT LARGE

**BRETT REICHERT**COUNCILMAN AT LARGE

MARK ADAMS COUNCILMAN WARD I

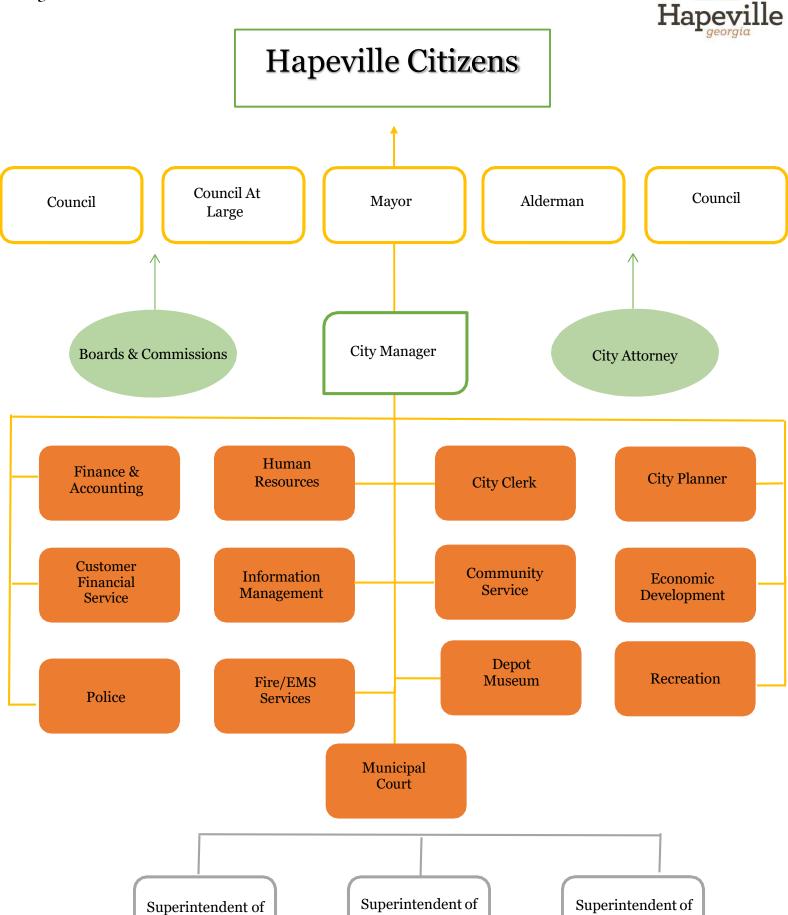
CHLOE ALEXANDER COUNCILMAN WARD II

#### List of Principal Officials as of June 30, 2024

- Alan Hallman Mayor
- Michael Rast Alderman at Large
- Brett Reichert Councilman at Large
- Mark Adams Councilman, Ward 1
- Chloe Alexander Councilman, Ward 2
- Tim Young City Manager
- Sharee Steed City Clerk
- Bruce Hedley Police Chief
- Nicholas Condrey Interim Fire Chief
- Randy Brewer Finance Director
- Smith, Welch, Webb & White City Attorney

3468 North Fulton Avenue, Hapeville, Georgia 30354 City Hall 404.669.2100 www.hapeville.org City of Hapeville Organization Chart





**Public Facilities** 

νi

Streets & Sanitation

Water & Sewer



### **FINANCIAL SECTION**



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members
Of the City Council
City of Hapeville, Georgia

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Hapeville**, **Georgia** (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hapeville, Georgia, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Hotel/Motel Tax Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 18, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*, as of July 1, 2023. This standard significantly changed the accounting for changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, changes to or within the financial reporting entity, and error corrections. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining,
  on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of City Contributions – Retirement Plan, the Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, and the Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Transportation Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds (the "supplementary information"), as listed in the table of contents, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2024 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Atlanta, Georgia November 18, 2024

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Within this section of the annual financial report for City of Hapeville (the "City"), the City's management is pleased to provide this narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The City's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

#### FISCAL YEAR 2024 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$21,058,467 (total net position) as of June 30, 2024.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
  - (1) The net investment in capital assets of \$38,173,988 includes property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, less outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets.
  - (2) Net position of \$4,630,120 is restricted by constraints imposed from outside the City such as debt covenants, grantors, laws, or regulations.
  - (3) Unrestricted net position has a deficit of \$21,754,641
- The City's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$7,711,173 at June 30, 2024. This compares to the prior year ending fund balance of \$7,319,357 showing a modest increase of \$391,816 during the current fiscal year.
- Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund decreased from \$374,986 at June 30, 2023 to a deficit of \$259,700 at June 30, 2024.

The above financial highlights are explained in more detail in the "financial analysis" section of this document.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Management Discussion and Analysis document introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements. Comparative data is presented to allow comparison to the prior fiscal year.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The City's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of activities between funds.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the government-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all the City's assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the City would extend to other nonfinancial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of City infrastructure, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities*, which reports how the City's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.

An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the City principally supported by taxes from business-type activities intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, public safety, highways and streets, parks and grounds, recreation, planning and zoning, and trade, tourism, and development. Business-type activities include the water and sewer system, sanitation activities, stormwater activities, and development authority activities.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 16 and 17 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for nonmajor funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

The City has two kinds of funds:

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the City's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund operating statement provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives. The general fund's budget to actual comparison statement is presented as a basic financial statement.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 18 - 23 of this report.

Individual fund information for nonmajor governmental funds is found in combining statements in a later section of this report.

*Proprietary funds* are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. The City's proprietary funds are classified as four enterprise funds. The enterprise fund essentially encompasses the same function reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements are presented on pages 24 - 26 of this report.

#### **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements begin on page 27 of this report.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's single employer pension plan and postemployment healthcare plans. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 63 - 65 of this report.

#### **Supplementary Information**

As discussed, the City reports major funds in the basic financial statements. Comparative information for major funds and combining and individual statements and schedules for nonmajor funds, including budgetary comparison schedules, are presented in a supplementary information section of this report beginning on page 66.

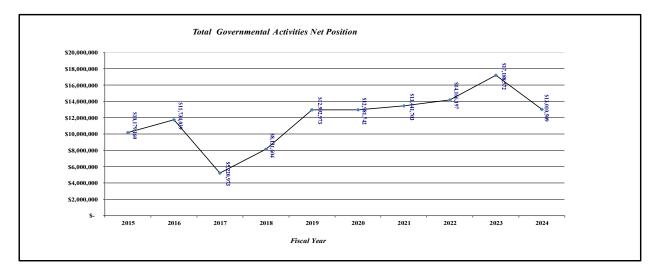
#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The City's net position at fiscal 2024 and 2023 are \$21,058,467 and \$25,842,608, respectively. The following Table provides a summary of the City's net position on a comparative basis:

#### **Summary of Net Position**

	 Government	ctivities	 Business-Ty	pe A	Activities	 Total				
	2024		2023	2024		2023	2024		2023	
Assets:										
Current assets	\$ 8,527,313	\$	7,963,137	\$ 3,027,140	\$	4,495,704	\$ 11,554,453	\$	12,458,841	
Noncurrent assets										
Other	692,309		692,309	3,296,619		3,399,943	3,988,928		4,092,252	
Capital	30,650,543		30,373,452	 17,658,962		17,115,233	48,309,505		47,488,685	
Total assets	39,870,165		39,028,898	 23,982,721		25,010,880	63,852,886		64,039,778	
Deferred outflows of resources	 6,877,516		8,883,902	656,312		694,720	 7,533,828		9,578,622	
Liabilities:										
Current liabilities	2,875,872		2,660,579	4,159,231		4,301,528	7,035,103		6,962,107	
Long-term liabilities	26,578,218		22,589,824	9,519,353		9,707,065	 36,097,571		32,296,889	
Total liabilities	 29,454,090		25,250,403	13,678,584		14,008,593	 43,132,674		39,258,996	
Deferred inflows of resources	4,283,082		5,473,825	 2,912,491		3,042,971	 7,195,573		8,516,796	
Net position:										
Net investment in										
capital assets	28,365,511		28,725,526	9,802,511		13,536,706	38,168,022		42,262,232	
Restricted	3,823,125		3,242,800	806,995		1,152,104	4,630,120		4,394,904	
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (19,178,127)		(14,779,754)	 (2,561,548)		(6,034,774)	(21,739,675)		(20,814,528)	
Total net position	\$ 13,010,509	\$	17,188,572	\$ 8,047,958	\$	8,654,036	\$ 21,058,467	\$	25,842,608	

The following chart reports the City's total governmental activities net position balances from fiscal year 2015 – 2024.



From 2015 to 2017, the City's net position from governmental activities decreased from \$10,179,160 to \$5,220,973 or by 48.71%. Since the low point of 2017, the City's net position from governmental activities increased to \$13,010,509 or by 149.2%.

Current assets in governmental activities increased significantly by \$564,176 or 7.08% and current assets for business-type activities decreased \$1,468,564 or 32.67% in fiscal year June 30, 2024.

The City's overall financial position was \$21,058,467. Net position for governmental activities decreased by \$4,178,063 or 24.31%, ending the year at \$13,010,509. Net position for business-type activities decreased by \$606,078 or 7% ending the year at \$8,047,958.

Note that approximately 77% of the governmental activities' total assets are comprised of capital assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens. Business-type capital assets make up 74% of total assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide utility services to its customers. Combining governmental activities with business-type activities, the City has invested approximately 76% of its total assets in capital assets, as presented in the government-wide statement of net position.

The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

#### **Summary of Changes in Net Position**

	Gove	rnmenta	l Ac	ctivities	 Business-Ty	pe A	Activities	Total				
	2024			2023	2024		2023		2024		2023	
Revenues:	-											
Program:												
Charges for services and fines	\$ 1,820	5,699	\$	2,078,561	\$ 6,350,239	\$	6,088,326	\$	8,176,938	\$	8,166,887	
Operating grants	44	1,288		30,586	5,000		-		49,288		30,586	
Capital grants	1,750	),714		1,728,170	1,168,938		873,348		2,919,652		2,601,518	
General:												
Property taxes	8,190	),574		7,935,120	-		-		8,190,574		7,935,120	
Sales taxes	2,41	1,791		2,468,745	-		-		2,411,791		2,468,745	
Hotel/motel taxes	3,44:	5,766		3,680,574	-		-		3,445,766		3,680,574	
Other taxes	2,186	5,996		2,046,914	-		-		2,186,996		2,046,914	
Gain on sale of capital assets	9	9,582		383,433	-		1,719,940		9,582		2,103,373	
Other	6	),447		110,029	226,915	_	232,278		287,362		342,307	
Total revenues	19,920	5,857		20,462,132	 7,751,092		8,913,892		27,677,949		29,376,024	
Program Expenses:												
General government	4,01	7,389		3,428,481	_		-		4,017,389		3,428,481	
Judical	469	9,688		327,947	-		-		469,688		327,947	
Public safety	11,13	1,581		8,455,609	-		-		11,131,581		8,455,609	
Highways and streets	4,03	7,758		4,479,415	-		-		4,037,758		4,479,415	
Culture and recreation	1,30:	5,313		1,369,678	-		-		1,305,313		1,369,678	
Planning and zoning	34	1,723		300,230	-		-		344,723		300,230	
Trade, tourism, and												
development	2,69	7,966		2,575,037	-		-		2,697,966		2,575,037	
Interest	80	),069		42,465	-		-		80,069		42,465	
Water and sewer		-		-	6,652,909		5,067,755		6,652,909		5,067,755	
Stormwater		-		-	468,086		272,777		468,086		272,777	
Solid waste management		-		-	869,894		580,408		869,894		580,408	
Development authority					386,714		441,667		386,714		441,667	
Total expenses	24,084	1,487		20,978,862	8,377,603		6,362,607		32,462,090		27,341,469	
Revenues over expenses	(4,15)	7,630)		(516,730)	(626,511)		2,551,285		(4,784,141)		2,034,555	
Transfers in and out	(20	),433)		3,539,105	20,433		(3,539,105)					
Changes in net position	(4.17)	3,063)		3,022,375	(606,078)		(987,820)		(4,784,141)		2,034,555	
Beginning net position	17,18			14,166,197	8,654,036		9,641,856		25,842,608		23,808,053	
Ending net position	\$ 13,010	),509	\$	17,188,572	\$ 8,047,958	\$	8,654,036	\$	21,058,467	\$	25,842,608	

#### **Governmental Activity - Revenues**

Governmental revenues decreased slightly by \$535,275 or 2.62%. Charges for services decreased \$251,862 or 12.12% as building permits have decreased. Operating grants and capital grants experienced modest increases of \$13,702 and \$22,544, respectively. Property taxes increased \$255,454 or 3.22% as a result of increases in assessed values. Hotel/motel taxes decreased \$234,808 or 6.38% as travel has leveled off after the pandemic surge in travel.

#### **Governmental Activity Expenses**

Overall, governmental expenses increased \$3,105,625 or 14.8%. General government expenses increased \$588,908 or 17.18% and public safety expenses increased \$2,675,972 or 31.65%, respectively, primarily from increases in pension allocations. Highways and street expenses decreased \$441,657 or 9.86% from decreases in building repairs offset by increases in pension allocations. Culture and recreation and planning and zoning expenses were consistent with the prior year. Trade, tourism, and development expenses increased \$122,929 or 4.77% primarily as marketing services increased as the economy continues to improve.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

**Overall Analysis** – Total revenues increased \$293,110 or 4.77%. Total operating expenses increased \$2,102,688 or 35.41%. In total, the operating income decreased \$1,809,578 from the prior year.

The operating income (loss) for each utility was as follows:

	2024	 2023
Water and sewerage system	\$ (1,099,410)	\$ 190,231
Stormwater utility	(211,377)	4,170
Solid Waste	(234,307)	(14,618)
Development authority	(129,469)	28,965
	\$ (1,674,563)	\$ 208,748

The following includes an analysis of the fiscal year 2024 financial activities for each enterprise fund.

Water and Sewerage System Fund - The operating income decreased from \$190,231 in 2023 to a loss of \$1,099,410 in 2024. Operating revenues experienced an increase of \$296,129 or 5.65% from \$5,245,589 to \$5,541,718. Revenues include tap fees of \$227,460 and \$45,525 in fiscal 2024 and 2023, respectively, indicating a slow-down in new customers. Total operating expenses increased \$1,585,770 or 31.37%, from \$5,055,358 in 2023 to \$6,641,128 in 2024 primarily from increases in infrastructure repair costs. Transfers to other funds for 2024 and 2023 were \$685,200 and \$681,700, respectively. At fiscal year-end, net position totaled \$12,134,017 a decrease of \$627,453 or 4.92% from the prior year.

**Stormwater Utility Fund** – The operating loss for this fund was \$211,377 compared to net income of \$4,170 in the prior year. Total operating revenues decreased modestly by \$20,238 or 7.31% from the prior year. Total operating expenses increased \$195,309 or 71.6% due to significant increases in repair and maintenance costs. Ending net position for this fund at June 30, 2024 was \$736,608, a decrease of \$211,377 over the prior year.

**Solid Waste Fund** – Operating loss for this fund increased \$219,689, from \$14,618 to \$234,307. Operating revenues increased \$66,479 or 11.75%, from \$565,790 to 632,269, primarily from increases in new customers. Operating expenses increased \$286,168 or 49%, from \$580,408 to \$866,576, primarily from increased pension and retirement benefit allocations. Ending net deficit for this fund at June 30, 2024 was \$173,509, a decrease of \$237,625 over the prior year.

**Development Authority Fund** – This fund is utilized as the bond agent for the City. Operating income (loss) for this fund was a loss of \$28,965 and (129,469) for fiscal 2023 and 2024, respectively. The Development Authority issued \$3.4 million of Series 2022 Bonds in fiscal 2023 and transferred \$2,569,025 to the General Fund to cover property purchases. Additionally in 2023, this fund transferred an additional \$1,800,000 to the General Fund generated by \$1,719,940 in gains from sale of property by the Authority. As a result, income before contributions and transfers for 2023 was \$1,510,551 compared to a loss of \$235,256 in 2024. Ending net deficit for this fund at June 30, 2024 was \$4,649,158, an improvement of \$470,377 over the prior year.

#### **FUND ANALYSIS**

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow, and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported fund balances of \$7,711,173 as of fiscal year end of June 30, 2024 compared to a balance of \$7,319,357 at fiscal year end of June 30, 2023, an increase of \$391,816.

The fund balance of \$7,711,173 included a deficit \$259,700 of unassigned fund balance. This is a decrease of \$634,686 or 170% over the prior year as management elected to classify additional fund balance as long-term advances to other funds. Non-spendable fund balances were \$3,475,988 in fiscal 2023 and were increased to \$3,809,040 in fiscal 2024, as a result of the reclassification of advances to other funds as long-term. Restricted fund balances of \$3,727,254 at June 30, 2024 are set aside for specific program purposes. Management has assigned \$434,579 of fund balances for specific purposes.

#### **Major Governmental Funds**

*General Fund* - The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund, and the largest source of day-to-day service delivery. Below is a comparison of General Fund revenues and expenditures for 2024 and 2023.

	 Gene			
	2024	 2023	\$Change	% Change
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 12,641,080	\$ 12,336,566	304,514	2.5%
Licenses and permits	598,811	875,797	(276,986)	-31.6%
Fines and forfeitures	549,307	496,033	53,274	10.7%
Charges for services	492,563	520,627	(28,064)	-5.4%
Interest income	8	7	1	14.3%
Other	 93,063	 117,547	(24,484)	-20.8%
Total revenues	 14,374,832	 14,346,577	28,255	0.2%
Expenditures:				
General government	3,172,201	3,366,861	(194,660)	-5.8%
Public safety	8,092,437	7,292,031	800,406	11.0%
Highways and streets	3,087,439	3,662,429	(574,990)	-15.7%
Culture and recreation	858,413	836,345	22,068	2.6%
Judicial	373,868	325,851	48,017	14.7%
Planning and zoning	274,397	298,311	(23,914)	-8.0%
Trade tourism and development	1,190,888	2,466,263	(1,275,375)	-51.7%
Debt service				
Principal	573,932	394,039	179,893	45.7%
Interest	80,069	42,465	37,604	88.6%
Total expenditures	17,703,644	18,684,595	(980,951)	-5.3%
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(3,328,812)	(4,338,018)	1,009,206	-23.3%
Other financing sources (uses)			-	
Financed purchases	1,133,286	395,346	737,940	100.0%
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	9,582	383,433	(373,851)	100.0%
Transfers in	2,769,447	8,370,338	(5,600,891)	-66.9%
Transfers out	 (1,145,387)	(2,521,861)	1,376,474	-54.6%
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,766,928	 6,627,256	3,860,328	58.2%
Net change in fund balances	(561,884)	2,289,238	(2,851,122)	-124.5%
Fund balances, beginning of fiscal year	5,604,680	 3,315,442	2,289,238	69.0%
Fund balances, end of fiscal year	\$ 5,042,796	\$ 5,604,680	(561,884)	-10.0%

Total General Fund revenues increased slightly by \$28,255 or less than 1%. Tax revenues increased \$304,514 or 2.5% primarily from increases in assessed property values. Licenses and permits decreased \$276,986 or 31.6% as new development within the City has decreased from the prior year. Changes in other revenue categories were not significant.

Total General Fund expenditures decreased \$980,951 or 5.3%. General government expenses decreased modestly by \$194,660 or 5.8%. Public safety expenses increased \$800,406 or 11% primarily from significant police vehicle replacement expenditures. Highways and street expenses decreased \$574,990 or 15.7% as prior year expenses included significant expenses for building repair and maintenance. Trade, tourism and development expenditures decreased \$1,275,375 or 51.7%, as certain expenses were moved to the Hotel/Motel Fund to more accurately reflect these expenses.

**Hotel/Motel Tax Fund** - The City has levied an 8% lodging tax, in accordance with Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 48-13-51(b). The City is required to spend an amount equal to 62.50% of the total taxes collected at the rate of 8% for promoting tourism, conventions, and trade shows, or for facilities used for these purposes. Total revenues received were \$3,445,766 and \$3,680,574 in 2024 and 2023, respectively. Revenues have

decreased modestly as hotel/motel accommodations varied. In fiscal 2024 and 2023, \$1,938,243 and \$3,680,574 were transferred to the General Fund, respectively, to be used for the legally specified purposes. For fiscal 2024, this fund had \$1,507,523 of trade, tourism and development expenditures which previously had been reflected in the General Fund.

*T-SPLOST Fund* – This fund accounts for revenues collected from the Transportation Special Purpose Local Options Sales Tax levied by the City. These funds are restricted for transportation projects within the City. Revenues for this fund were \$1,426,451 and \$1,433,593 for fiscal 2024 and 2023, respectively. The City expended \$494,912 and \$979,528 for transportation projects for fiscal 2024 and 2023, respectively. At June 30, 2024, this fund had \$2,144,932 in available fund balance to spend on future projects.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary fund statements share the same focus as the government-wide statements, reporting both short-term and long-term information about financial status. The business-type activities analysis above discusses the City's enterprise funds.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A comparison of budgeted and actual expenses for the General Fund can be found on Page 21 of this report. In total, revenues were \$26,841 better than budgeted and expenditures were \$130,549 better than budgeted. Overall, budgeted fund balance was \$166,020 better than budgeted.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

The City's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2024, was \$30,650,543 and \$17,658,962, respectively. The net increase in book value for governmental fixed assets was \$277,091 or 1%. Book value for business-type fixed assets increased \$543,729 or 3.18%. See Note 7 for additional information about changes in capital assets during the fiscal year and balances at the end of the fiscal year.

The following table provides a summary of capital asset activity:

#### **Capital Assets**

		Governmen	tal A	ctivities	]	Business-Typ	e Activities		Tota	l	
		2024		2023		2024	2023		2024		2023
Non-depreciable assets: Land Construction in progress	\$	2,677,329 998,556	\$	2,677,329 55,836	\$	- -	\$	- \$ -	2,677,329 998,556	\$	2,677,329 55,836
Total non-depreciable		3,675,885		2,733,165					3,675,885		2,733,165
Depreciable assets:											
Water system		-		-		18,006,099	17,501,84	9	18,006,099		17,501,849
Rights to capacity		-		-		5,508,846	5,508,84	6	5,508,846		5,508,846
Buildings and improvements		10,053,731		10,053,731		2,264,642	2,264,64	2	12,318,373		12,318,373
Land improvements		6,905,254		6,905,254		_		-	6,905,254		6,905,254
Auto, trucks and equipment		12,850,097		11,746,589		1,739,424	1,093,15	1	14,589,521		12,839,740
Infrastructure		35,576,701		35,576,701		1,341,038	1,341,03	8	36,917,739		36,917,739
Total depreciable assets		65,385,783		64,282,275		28,860,049	27,709,52	6	94,245,832		91,991,801
Less accumulated depreciation	_	38,411,125		36,641,988		11,201,087	10,594,29	3	49,612,212		47,236,281
Book value - depreciable assets		26,974,658		27,640,287		17,658,962	17,115,23	3	44,633,620		44,755,520
Percentage depreciated		59%		57%		39%	38	<u>%</u> _	53%		51%
Total book value	\$	30,650,543	\$	30,373,452	\$	17,658,962	\$ 17,115,23	3 \$	48,309,505	\$	47,488,685

Some of the significant additions to governmental fixed assets in 2024 were streetscape additions of \$453,039; public works building renovation \$489,681; and vehicle replacements of \$1,288,479.

#### **Long-Term Debt**

The following table reports long-term debt balances at fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

#### **Outstanding Borrowings**

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	tals
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Financed Purchases	\$ 2,189,161	\$ 1,629,807	\$ 435,622	\$ -	\$ 2,624,783	\$ 1,629,807
Revenue bonds payable	-	-	6,675,000	8,185,000	6,675,000	8,185,000
Notes payable	-	-	915,505	965,157	915,505	965,157
Net pension liability	14,844,908	11,213,815	1,434,342	860,833	16,279,250	12,074,648
Total OPEB liability	9,874,681	10,185,882	847,079	806,520	10,721,760	10,992,402
Compensated absences	1,073,975	962,381	142,974	117,114	1,216,949	1,079,495
	\$ 27,982,725	\$ 23,991,885	\$ 10,450,522	\$ 10,934,624	\$ 38,433,247	\$ 34,926,509

See Note 8 for additional information about the City's long-term debt.

#### A SUMMARY OF THE ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AFFECTING THE CITY

The City is included in the Atlanta, Georgia Metropolitan area, very close to Hartsfield-Jackson International airport. The total population of the City as of June 30, 2024 was estimated to be 6,691 and per capita income is estimated at \$33,724 which is 81.73% of the national average.

The unemployment rate for Fulton County, where the City is located is 3.9%.

The primary revenue streams for the City are property taxes, sales taxes, hotel/motel taxes, and the recent addition of a TSPLOST tax. This is a good revenue mix as property taxes are classified as "inelastic" and sales taxes and hotel/motel taxes are classified as "elastic". Sales tax revenue is highly sensitive to fluctuations in the economy. The current economic situation has seen a bit of an upturn, with personal income in the U.S. improving. The City remains very conservative in preparing the 2025 budget

Capital projects have been able to continue with the T-SPLOST tax helping with those projects. We are hopeful the economy will continue toward good recovery and we will constantly monitor our economic condition to make any necessary adjustments.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the City's commitment to public accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 3468 North Fulton Avenue, Hapeville, GA 30354.

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	Primary Government										
ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,068,260	\$ 2,878,220	\$ 6,946,480								
Restricted cash	-	806,995	806,995								
Cash with fiscal agent	-	545,511	545,511								
Taxes receivable	1,153,841		1,153,841								
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	-	1,313,173	1,313,173								
Lease receivable, current	_	19,876	19,876								
Lease receivable, noncurrent	_	2,662,198	2,662,198								
Intergovernmental receivables	194,297	110,881	305,178								
Other receivables	50,020	-	50,020								
Prepaid items	402,848	816	403,664								
Notes receivable, current	-	9,715	9,715								
Notes receivable, noncurrent	_	60,236	60,236								
Internal balances	2,658,047	(2,658,047)	-								
Property held for redevelopment	692,309	574,185	1,266,494								
Capital assets:	092,309	374,103	1,200,434								
Non-depreciable	2 675 995		3,675,885								
·	3,675,885	17 650 062									
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	26,974,658	17,658,962	44,633,620								
Total assets	39,870,165	23,982,721	63,852,886								
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Deferred charges on refunding	-	5.966	5,966								
OPEB-related items	1,307,730	112,182	1,419,912								
Pension-related items	5,569,786	538,164	6,107,950								
Tonson routed terms	0,000,100	000,104	0,107,000								
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,877,516	656,312	7,533,828								
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	1,120,811	398,267	1,519,078								
Accrued liabilities	350,554	2,558,331	2,908,885								
Customer deposits payable	-	271,464	271,464								
Compensated absences due within one year	796,761	41,237	837,998								
Compensated absences due in more than one year	277,214	101,737	378,951								
Note payable due within one year	-	50,276	50,276								
Note payable due in more than one year	-	865,229	865,229								
Financed purchases due within one year	607,746	64,656	672,402								
Financed purchases due in more than one year	1,581,415	370,966	1,952,381								
Bonds payable due within one year	-,,	775,000	775,000								
Bonds payable due in more than one year	_	5,900,000	5,900,000								
Net pension liability due in more than one year	14,844,908	1,434,342	16,279,250								
Total OPEB liability due in more than one year	9,874,681	847,079	10,721,760								
Total liabilities	29,454,090	12 670 504	42 122 674								
i otal liabilities		13,678,584	43,132,674								
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenue - leases		0.520.040	2 522 240								
	4 400 000	2,532,210	2,532,210								
Pension-related items OPEB-related items	1,186,980 3,096,102	114,688 265,593	1,301,668 3,361,695								
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,283,082	2,912,491	7,195,573								
NET POSITION											
Net investment in capital assets	28,365,511	9,808,477	38,173,988								
Restricted for:											
Debt service	280,500	806,995	1,087,495								
Capital construction	69,132	-	69,132								
Transportation projects	2,240,803	-	2,240,803								
Trade and tourism	1,212,956	-	1,212,956								
Culture and recreation	10,345	-	10,345								
Law enforcement	9,389	-	9,389								
Unrestricted (deficit)	(19,178,127)	(2,567,514)	(21,745,641)								
, ,											
Total net position	\$ 13,010,509	\$ 8,047,958	\$ 21,058,467								

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

												ses) Revenu		
					Proc	ram Revenues			Changes in Net Position Primary Government					
			_			perating		Capital	_			, 00101111110		
				Charges for		rants and		Grants and	G	overnmental	Ruei	ness-Type		
Functions/Programs	-	xpenses	•	Services		ntributions		Contributions	ŭ	Activities		tivities		Total
Primary government:		хрепаса	_	CELVICES		itiibutions		Contributions	_	Activities		itivitios	_	Total
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$	4,017,389	\$	649,023	\$	31,460	\$		\$	(3,336,906)	\$		\$	(3,336,906)
Public safety	•	11,131,581	•	1,118,024	•		Ť		•	(10,013,557)	•		•	(10,013,557)
Highway and streets		4,037,758		9,756		12,828		1,658,040		(2,357,134)				(2,357,134
Recreation		1,305,313		49,896		12,020		92,674		(1,162,743)		_		(1,162,743)
Judicial		469,688		43,030				32,014		(469,688)				(469,688)
Planning and zoning		344,723		-		-		-		(344,723)				(344,723)
Trade tourism and development		2,697,966		-		-		-		(2,697,966)				(2,697,966)
Interest on long-term debt		80,069		-		-		•		(80,069)				(80,069)
-	-	24,084,487	_	1,826,699		44,288	_	1,750,714		(20,462,786)			_	
Total governmental activities		24,004,407	_	1,020,099		44,200	_	1,750,714	_	(20,462,766)			_	(20,462,786)
Business-type activities:														
Development Authority		386,714		-		5,000		-		-		(381,714)		(381,714)
Water and sewer utility		6,652,909		5,541,718		-		1,168,938		-		57,747		57,747
Solid waste		869,894		632,269		-		-		-		(237,625)		(237,625)
Stormwater utility		468,086		176,252								(291,834)		(291,834)
Total business-type activities		8,377,603		6,350,239		5,000		1,168,938		-		(853,426)		(853,426)
Total primary government	\$	32,462,090	\$	8,176,938	\$	49,288	\$	2,919,652		(20,462,786)		(853,426)		(21,316,212)
					Genera	I revenues:								
					Prop	erty taxes			\$	8,190,574	\$	-	\$	8,190,574
					Fran	chise taxes				816,906		-		816,906
					Insur	ance premium	axes			617,133		-		617,133
					Hote	I/Motel taxes				3,445,766		-		3,445,766
					Sale	s taxes				2,411,791		-		2,411,791
					Othe	r taxes				752,957		-		752,957
					Unre	stricted investm	ent ea	rnings		8		-		8
					Gain	on sale of capit	al ass	ets		9,582		-		9,582
					Leas	e revenue				-		86,906		86,906
					Intere	est revenue				-		55,023		55,023
					Misc	ellaneous				60,439		84,986		145,425
					Transfe	ers				(20,433)		20,433		-
					Т	otal general rev	enues	and transfers		16,284,723		247,348		16,532,071
						Change in ne				(4,178,063)		(606,078)		(4,784,141)
					Net pos	sition, beginning				17,188,572		8,654,036		25,842,608

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

		0	_		_					
	General		Major Funds T-SPLOST			otel/Motel	Governmental		Governmental	
ASSETS		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable, net of allowances Intergovernmental receivables Other receivables	\$	1,435,400 549,216 - 17,940	\$	2,172,844 - 123,795 -	\$	564,569 - -	\$	460,016 40,056 70,502 32,080	\$	4,068,260 1,153,841 194,297 50,020
Due from other funds		303,098		-		-		-		303,098
Advances to other funds Prepaid items Property held for redevelopment		2,713,883 402,848 692,309		- - -		- - -		- - -		2,713,883 402,848 692,309
Total assets	\$	6,114,694	\$	2,296,639	\$	564,569	\$	602,654	\$	9,578,556
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	684,524 350,290	\$	95,871	\$	317,542	\$	22,874 264	\$	1,120,811 350,554
Due to other funds		550,290		55,836		247,027		56,071		358,934
Total liabilities		1,034,814		151,707		564,569		79,209		1,830,299
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				· · · · · ·						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		37,084								37,084
Total deferred inflows of resources		37,084		-						37,084
FUND BALANCES Fund balances: Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items		402,848		-		-		-		402,848
Property held for redevelopment		692,309		-		-		-		692,309
Advances to other funds Assigned:		2,713,883		-		-		-		2,713,883
Public safety		_		_		_		100		100
E911 services		-		-		-		40,414		40,414
Capital construction		-		-		-		394,065		394,065
Restricted:								00.400		00.400
Capital construction  Debt service		200 500		-		-		69,132		69,132 280,500
Transportation projects		280,500		2,144,932		-				2,144,932
Trade and tourism		1,212,956		2,144,952		-		-		1,212,956
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		10,345		10,345
Law enforcement Unassigned		(259,700)		-		-		9,389		9,389 (259,700)
Total fund balances				2,144,932				E22 44E		
Total fullu balances		5,042,796		2,144,932				523,445		7,711,173
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	6,114,694	\$	2,296,639	\$	564,569	\$	602,654		
Amounts reported for govern	nmental	activities in th	e stater	nent of net positio	n are d	ifferent because	e:			
Capital assets used in g				•						
therefore, are not repor		_								30,650,543
Some receivables are no				period expenditur	es, and					27.004
therefore, are deferred Long-term liabilities are	_			rrent period and t	herefo	re are				37,084
not reported in the gove			1 1110 00	rront ponoa, ana t		0, 010				(3,263,136)
The deferred inflows and				•	-	d total OPEB lia	bility			
are not expected to be therefore, are not report	•	•			and					(22,125,155)
Net position of government	ental ac	ctivities							\$	13,010,509

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Major Funds								
		(Previously Nonmajor)			(Previously Major)	Nonmajor	Total			
		General	(, ,	T-SPLOST	/ Hotel/Motel		ARP	Governmental	Governmental	
		Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds	
				_						
Revenues										
Taxes	\$	12,641,080	\$	-	\$	3,445,766	\$ -	\$ 188,768	\$ 16,275,614	
Licenses and permits		598,811		-		-	-	-	598,811	
Intergovernmental		-		1,426,451		-	-	337,091	1,763,542	
Fines and forfeitures		549,307		-		-	-	-	549,307	
Charges for services		492,563		-		-	-	184,853	677,416	
Investment income		8		-		-	-	-	8	
Contributions		31,460		-		-	-	-	31,460	
Other revenues		61,603		-		-		1	61,604	
Total revenues		14,374,832		1,426,451	_	3,445,766		710,713	19,957,762	
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government		3,172,201		-		-	-	-	3,172,201	
Public safety		8,092,437		-		-	-	650,806	8,743,243	
Judicial		373,868		-		_	_	_	373,868	
Highway and streets		3,087,439		_		_	_	_	3,087,439	
Recreation		858,413		_		_	_	106,068	964,481	
Planning and zoning		274,397		_		_	_	-	274,397	
Trade, tourism, and development		1,190,888		-		1,507,523	_	_	2,698,411	
Capital Outlay		-		494,912		-	_	225,428	720,340	
Debt Service:				,				,	,	
Principal		573,932		_		_	_	_	573,932	
Interest		80,069		_		_	_	_	80,069	
Total expenditures		17,703,644	_	494,912		1,507,523		982,302	20,688,381	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(3,328,812)		931,539		1,938,243	_	(271,589)	(730,619)	
over (under) experiences		(0,020,012)		301,000	_	1,330,240		(271,000)	(750,013)	
Other financing sources (uses):										
Issuance of financed purchase		1,133,286		-		-	-	-	1,133,286	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		9,582		-		-	-	-	9,582	
Transfers out		(1,145,387)		(196,655)		(1,938,243)	-	(154,687)	(3,434,972)	
Transfers in		2,769,447		-		-		645,092	3,414,539	
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,766,928		(196,655)		(1,938,243)	-	490,405	1,122,435	
Net change in fund balances		(561,884)		734,884		-	-	218,816	391,816	
Fund balances, July 1		5,604,680		-		-	100	1,714,577	7,319,357	
Adjustment - change to reporting entity		-		1,410,048	_	-	(100)	(1,409,948)		
Fund balances, July 1, as adjusted		5,604,680		1,410,048		-	_	304,629	7,319,357	
Fund balances, end of fiscal year	\$	5,042,796	\$	2,144,932	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 523,445	\$ 7,711,173	
	<u> </u>	-,,. 00	· ´=		Ť		· —	. 525,0	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.

277,091

391,816

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.

(40,487)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount represents the net effect of these transactions during the current fiscal year.

Principal repayment \$ 573,932 Issuance of financed purchase (1,133,286) (559,354)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

(4,247,129)

Change in net position - governmental activities

\$ (4,178,063)

#### **GENERAL FUND**

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Βι	ıdget		Variance With Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual		
REVENUES					
Taxes					
Property	\$ 8,691,500	\$ 8,003,426	\$ 8,042,293	\$ 38,867	
Franchise	792,000	819,400	816,906	(2,494)	
Sales	2,302,250	2,412,250	2,411,791	(459)	
Business	675,000	753,500	752,957	(543)	
Insurance premium	585,000	617,200	617,133	(67)	
Licenses and permits	999,950	600,075	598,811	(1,264)	
Fines and forfeitures	476,500	551,100	549,307	(1,793)	
Interest	100	100	8	(92)	
Charges for services	460,770	495,970	492,563	(3,407)	
Contributions	18,200	31,670	31,460	(210)	
Miscellaneous	148,192	63,300	61,603	(1,697)	
Total revenues	15,149,462	14,347,991	14,374,832	26,841	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government:					
Governing body	58,027	52,386	51,855	531	
Mayor and Commission	25,443	25,742	25,486	256	
City Manager	702,410	767,134	764,005	3,129	
City Clerk	217,449	254,105	240,096	14,009	
Elections	31,825	24,400	24,332	68	
Finance	872,623	969,823	961,118	8,705	
Law	220,000	146,000	145,075	925	
Human resources	529,047	510,034	506,391	3,643	
Information technology	502,500	454,700	453,843	857	
Total general government	3,159,324	3,204,324	3,172,201	32,123	
Public safety:					
Police	4,497,600	4,533,562	4,504,716	28,846	
Fire	3,521,385	3,620,099	3,587,721	32,378	
Total public safety	8,018,985	8,153,661	8,092,437	61,224	
•					
Judicial	370,077	374,619	373,868	751	
Highway and streets	3,580,692	3,094,683	3,087,439	7,244	
Recreation	944,894	872,236	858,413	13,823	
Planning and zoning	318,370	280,008	274,397	5,611	
Trade, tourism, and development	1,486,589	1,197,963	1,190,888	7,075	
Debt service:	500.000	too	=== 000		
Principal	568,200	575,186	573,932	1,254	
Interest	71,862	81,513	80,069	1,444	
Total expenditures	18,518,993	17,834,193	17,703,644	130,549	
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(3,369,531)	(3,486,202)	(3,328,812)	157,390	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Issuance of financed purchase	1,574,000	1,133,286	1,133,286	-	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		10,000	9,582	(418)	
Transfers out	(574,000)	(1,154,880)	(1,145,387)	9,493	
Transfers out	3,335,750	2,769,892	2,769,447	(445)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,335,750	2,758,298	2,766,928	8,630	
Net change in fund balances	966,219	(727,904)	(561,884)	166,020	
Fund balances, beginning of fiscal year	5,604,680	5,604,680	5,604,680	-	
, <u>-</u>	3,11.,100		-,,		

#### CITY OF HAPEVILLE, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL FUND

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budget					Var	iance With	
		Original		Final	Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	3,468,000	\$	3,446,000	\$	3,445,766	\$	(234)
Total revenues		3,468,000		3,446,000		3,445,766		(234)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Trade tourism and development		1,517,250		1,507,625		1,507,523		102
Total expenditures		1,517,250		1,507,625		1,507,523		102
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,950,750		1,938,375		1,938,243		132
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers:								
Transfers out		(1,950,750)		(1,938,375)		(1,938,243)		132
Total other financing uses		(1,950,750)		(1,938,375)		(1,938,243)		132
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES, beginning of fiscal year								
FUND BALANCES, end of fiscal year	\$		\$		\$		\$	

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

ASSETS	Development Authority Fund	Water and Sewer Utility Fund	ities - Enterprise Fund Solid Waste Fund	Nonmajor Fund Stormwater Utility Fund	— Totals
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash	\$ 316,726	\$ 2,463,418	\$ -	\$ 98,076	\$ 2,878,220
Restricted cash	806,995	-	-	-	806,995
Cash with fiscal agent	545,511	1.013.302	100 540	177 220	545,511
Accounts receivable, net of allowances Intergovernmental receivable	-	1,013,302	122,543	177,328	1,313,173 110,881
Lease receivable, current	19,876	-	-	-	19,876
Due from other funds	-	55,836	-	-	55,836
Prepaid items	-	816	-	-	816
Notes receivable, current	9,715	2 044 052	400.540		9,715
Total current assets	1,698,823	3,644,253	122,543	275,404	5,741,023
NONCURRENT ASSETS					
Lease receivable, long-term	2,662,198	-	-	-	2,662,198
Notes receivable, long-term	60,236	-	-	-	60,236
Property held for redevelopment Buildings and improvements	574,185 2,264,642	-	-	-	574,185 2,264,642
Infrastructure	2,207,042	17,696,869	-	1,650,268	19,347,137
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	-	951,515	787,909	-	1,739,424
Intangible asset-capacity rights	-	5,508,846	-	-	5,508,846
Accumulated depreciation	(84,924)	(10,077,731)	(184,129)	(854,303)	(11,201,087)
Total noncurrent assets	5,476,337	14,079,499	603,780	795,965	20,955,581
Total assets	7,175,160	17,723,752	726,323	1,071,369	26,696,604
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred charges on refunding	5,966	-	-	-	5,966
OPEB-related items	-	85,413	8,555	18,214	112,182
Pension-related items  Total deferred outflows of resources	5,966	388,997 474,410	82,250 90,805	66,917 85,131	538,164 656,312
LIABILITIES					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	1,998	385,688	4,238	6,343	398,267
Accrued liabilities	105,551	2,441,743	7,353	3,684	2,558,331
Customer deposits payable	-	271,464	-	-	271,464
Compensated absences payable	-	23,807	10,738	6,692	41,237
Bonds payable	775,000		-	-	775,000
Notes payable Financed purchase	-	50,276	64,656	-	50,276 64,656
·					
Total current liabilities	882,549	3,172,978	86,985	16,719	4,159,231
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		50.004	40.705	00.000	404 707
Compensated absences, long-term Advance from other funds	- 2,515,525	59,094	12,735 198,358	29,908	101,737 2,713,883
Financed purchase, long-term	2,010,020	-	370,966	-	370,966
Bonds payable, long-term	5,900,000	-	-	-	5,900,000
Net pension liability	-	1,036,776	219,216	178,350	1,434,342
Total OPEB liability, long-term	-	644,951	64,596	137,532	847,079
Notes payable, long-term	<del></del>	865,229	<del>-</del>		865,229
Total noncurrent liabilities	8,415,525	2,606,050	865,871	345,790	12,233,236
Total liabilities	9,298,074	5,779,028	952,856	362,509	16,392,467
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred revenue - leases	2,532,210	_	<u>-</u>	-	2,532,210
Pension-related items OPEB-related items	-	82,899	17,528 20,253	14,261	114,688
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,532,210	202,218 285,117	20,253 37,781	43,122 57,383	265,593 2,912,491
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	(4,319,640)	13,163,994	168,158	795,965	9,808,477
Restricted for debt service	806,995	- (4 000 077)	(0.44,007)	(50.057)	806,995
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,136,513)	(1,029,977)	(341,667)	(59,357)	(2,567,514)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (4,649,158)	\$ 12,134,017	\$ (173,509)	\$ 736,608	\$ 8,047,958

# CITY OF HAPEVILLE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		_			
	Development Authority Fund	Water and Sewer Utility Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Nonmajor Fund Stormwater Utility Fund	Totals
OPERATING REVENUE	•		•	•	
Water fees Stormwater fees	\$ -	\$ 5,541,718	\$ -	\$ - 176,252	\$ 5,541,718 176,252
Sanitation fees	-	-	632,269	170,232	632,269
Proceeds from sale of property held for redevelopment	5,000	-	-	-	5,000
Miscellaneous	4,529		_	80,457	84,986
Total operating revenues	9,529	5,541,718	632,269	256,709	6,440,225
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Cost of sales and services	8,649	4,368,469	852,651	435,918	5,665,687
Loss on sale of property held for redevelopment	73,733	-	-	-	73,733
Water purchases	-	1,768,574	-	-	1,768,574
Depreciation	56,616	504,085	13,925	32,168	606,794
Total operating expenses	138,998	6,641,128	866,576	468,086	8,114,788
Operating loss	(129,469)	(1,099,410)	(234,307)	(211,377)	(1,674,563)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Municipal option sales tax revenue	-	1,168,938	-	-	1,168,938
Lease revenue	86,906	· · · · · -	-	-	86,906
Interest on lease receivable	54,967	-	-	_	54,967
Interest on note receivable	56	-	-	_	56
Interest expense	(247,716)	(11,781	(3,318)	-	(262,815)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(105,787)	1,157,157	(3,318)	-	1,048,052
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(235,256)	57,747	(237,625)	(211,377)	(626,511)
Transfers in	1,382,150	-	-	-	1,382,150
Transfers out	(676,517)	(685,200			(1,361,717)
Total contributions and transfers	705,633	(685,200	<u> </u>		20,433
Change in net position	470,377	(627,453	(237,625)	(211,377)	(606,078)
Total net position (deficit), beginning	(5,119,535)	12,761,470	64,116	947,985	8,654,036
Total net position (deficit), ending	\$ (4,649,158)	\$ 12,134,017	\$ (173,509)	\$ 736,608	\$ 8,047,958

## **CITY OF HAPEVILLE, GEORGIA**

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities - Ent					ctivities - Ente	rprise Funds				
	Development Authority Fund		nority Utility		Solid Waste Fund		Nonmajor Fund Stormwater Utility Fund			Totals	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	9,529	•	E 22E 966	\$	F06 026	\$	255 052	\$	6 007 074	
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers	Ф	(21,764)	\$	5,235,866 (5,217,285)	Ф	596,026 (821,362)	Ф	255,853 (358,376)	Ф	6,097,274 (6,418,787)	
Payments to employees		(21,704)		(704,954)		(49,091)		(85,136)		(839,181)	
Proceeds from sale of property held for redevelopment		5,000		(104,004)		(40,001)		(00,100)		5,000	
Other net changes related to pension and OPEB plans		-		335,483		230,788		35,476		601,747	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(7,235)		(350,890)	_	(43,639)		(152,183)		(553,947)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES											
Transfers in from other funds		1,382,150		-		-		-		1,382,150	
Transfers out to other funds		(676,517)		(685,200)				-		(1,361,717)	
Advances from other funds		60,986		-		198,358		-		259,344	
Payments received on note receivable	_	9,151		-	_					9,151	
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities		775,770		(685,200)		198,358		-		288,928	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES											
Receipts on lease receivable		16,199		-		-		-		16,199	
Principal payments on bonds payable		(1,510,000)		-		-		-		(1,510,000)	
Municipal option sales tax revenue		-		1,168,938		-		-		1,168,938	
Payment to fiscal agent		(10,188)		-		-		-		(10,188)	
Interest paid on long-term debt		(265,569)		(11,781)		(3,316)		_		(280,666)	
Interest income		55,023		-		-		_		55,023	
Principal payments on notes payable				(49,652)		_		_		(49,652)	
Purchases of capital assets				(532,816)		(182,085)		<u> </u>		(714,901)	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related						_		_			
financing activities		(1,714,535)		574,689		(185,401)				(1,325,247)	
Net decrease in cash		(946,000)		(461,401)		(30,682)		(152,183)		(1,590,266)	
Cash, beginning of fiscal year		2,069,721		2,924,819		30,682		250,259		5,275,481	
Cash, end of fiscal year	\$	1,123,721	\$	2,463,418	\$		\$	98,076	\$	3,685,215	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash											
provided by (used in) operating activities:											
Operating loss	\$	(129,469)	\$	(1,099,410)	\$	(234,307)	\$	(211,377)	\$	(1,674,563)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss											
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:											
Depreciation and amortization		56,616		504,085		13,925		32,168		606,794	
Change in assets and liabilities:											
Increase in accounts receivable		-		(305,852)		(36,243)		(856)		(342,951)	
Increase in accounts receivable		-		(22,850)		-		-		(22,850)	
Decrease in property held for redevelopment		78,733		-		-		-		78,733	
Increase in prepaid items		-		(816)		-		-		(816)	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows for pension item	ns	-		58,837		(82,250)		24,881		1,468	
Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows for OPEB items	s	-		34,421		(8,555)		8,775		34,641	
Decrease in accounts payable		(13,115)		(211,395)		(35,282)		(10,946)		(270,738)	
Increase in accrued liabilities				423,044		6,997		686		430,727	
Increase in compensated absences payable		-		12,711		10,483		2,666		25,860	
Increase (decrease) in total OPEB liability		-		(13,316)		64,596		(10,721)		40,559	
Increase in customer deposits		-		14,110				,		14,110	
Increase in net pension liability		_		322,381		219,216		31,912		573,509	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows for pension items	s	_		(41,287)		17,528		(11,195)		(34,954)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows for OPEB items		-		(25,553)		20,253		(8,176)		(13,476)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(7,235)	\$	(350,890)	\$	(43,639)	\$	(152,183)	\$	(553,947)	
NON-CASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES											
Issuance of financed purchase	\$	-	\$	-	\$	435,622	\$	-	\$	435,622	
Purchase of capital assets through financed purchases		-		-		(435,622)		-		(435,622)	
•	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		
									_		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Hapeville, Georgia (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

## A. Reporting Entity

The City operates under a mayor/council/city manager form of government and provides the following services to its citizens: public safety, public works, highways and streets, parks and recreation, tourism and trade, planning and zoning, and general and administrative services.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component unit. The component unit discussed below is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City. In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, the component unit is reported as a blended component unit.

The Hapeville Development Authority (Development Authority) has been included as a blended component unit in the accompanying financial statements. The City appoints all of the members of the Development Authority's Board. The Development Authority has the authority to issue bonded debt. Its debt issuance and operational budgets must be approved by the City Council. Debt payments on bonds issued by the Development Authority are paid by the City's enterprise and General Funds. The Development Authority is presented as a major enterprise fund.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government and its component unit. Government-wide financial statements do not provide information by fund, but distinguish between the City's governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The statement of net position will include noncurrent assets and noncurrent liabilities. In addition, the government-wide statement of activities reflects depreciation expense on the City's capital assets. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. However, any interfund services provided and used are not eliminated as this process would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in the various functions.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not considered program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within, 60 days for property taxes and 180 days for all other items, of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, postemployment benefits, and environmental obligations are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions", the corresponding assets (receivables) in non-exchange transactions are recognized in the period in which the underlying exchange occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, when all eligibility requirements have been met, or when resources are received, depending on the revenue source.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **TSPLOST Fund** accounts for revenues collected from the Transportation Special Purpose Local Options Sales Tax levied by the City. The funds are restricted for transportation projects within the City.

The **Hotel/Motel Fund** accounts for the collection of hotel/motel tax proceeds and related expenditures.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The **Development Authority Fund** is used to hold real estate properties which are intended for resale for future economic development in the City. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest.

The **Water and Sewer Utility Fund** account for water and sewer service operations to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, operations, and maintenance of the system and billing and collection activities.

The **Solid Waste (or Sanitation) Fund** accounts for the collection of fees for garbage collection, disposal and recycling programs and related expenses.

The City also reports the following nonmajor proprietary fund:

**Stormwater Utility Fund** – This fund is used to account for the collection of fees for upgrades to stormwater drains and related expenses.

The City also reports the following fund types:

The **Special Revenue funds** are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for particular purposes.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The **Capital Projects funds** account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays.

In accounting and reporting for its proprietary operations, the City applies all GASB pronouncements. Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges for goods and services provided. Operating expenses of the enterprise funds include the cost of these goods and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## D. Budgets

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all funds. The budgets for the proprietary funds are for management control purposes and are not required to be reported. Budgets are adopted on a modified accrual basis, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for governmental funds. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is not employed by the City.

## E. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

All investments are recorded at fair value.

Increases or decreases in the fair value of the City's investments during the year are recognized as a component of investment income.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year as well as all other outstanding balances between funds is reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, represent long-term borrowing arrangements with established repayment schedules, and are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

#### G. Leases

#### Lessor

The City is a lessor for noncancellable leases of land and a building. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the business-type activities financial statements. The City recognizes lease receivables with an initial, individual value of \$25,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments:

- The City sets the interest rate stated in the lease agreement.
- When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments
  included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments
  and purchase option prices that the City is reasonably certain to collect.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflow if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2024, are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. A prepaid item is recognized when a cash expenditure is made for goods or services that were purchased for consumption, but not consumed as of June 30.

## I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value. The City has reported infrastructure assets consistent with the retroactive reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 34.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years			
Infrastructure	10-30			
Buildings and improvements	15-50			
Land improvements	10-20			
Autos, trucks, and equipment	5-10			
Water system	50			
Intangible-Water capacity rights	50			

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. One item that qualifies for reporting in this category is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded debt or the refunding debt. The City also has another type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category related to changes in its net pension liability and total OPEB liability. See discussion below.

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports deferred inflows of resources from the revenue recognition of property taxes and intergovernmental grants, *unavailable revenue*. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and intergovernmental grants as these amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available. The City also reports deferred revenue on a lease receivable, which is reported both at the fund level and the government-wide level.

Finally, the City also has deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the recording of changes in its net pension and total OPEB liability. Certain changes in the net pension and total OPEB liability are recognized as pension expense over time instead of all being recognized in the year of occurrence. Experience gains or losses result from periodic studies by the City's actuary which adjust the net pension and total OPEB liability for actual experience for certain trend information that was previously assumed, for example the assumed dates of retirement of plan members. These experience gains or losses are recorded as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and are amortized into pension and OPEB expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. Changes in actuarial assumptions which adjust the net pension and total OPEB liability are also recorded as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and are amortized into pension and OPEB expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. The difference between projected investment return on pension investments and actual return on those investments is also deferred and amortized against pension expense over a five year period. Additionally, any contributions made by the City to the pension plan before fiscal year end but subsequent to the measurement date of the City's net pension liability are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## K. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

## L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable discount or premium. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued and related premiums or discounts as other financing sources. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

## M. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position".

**Fund Balance** – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources under the current financial resources management focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## M. Fund Equity (Continued)

Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the City Council. Approval of a resolution after a formal vote of the City Council is required to establish a commitment of fund balance. Similarly, the City Council may only modify or rescind the commitment by formal vote and adoption of a subsequent resolution.

Assigned – Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Through the adoption of a resolution, the City Council has expressly delegated to the City Manager the authority to assign fund balances for particular purposes.

Unassigned – Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the General Fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds.

**Flow Assumptions** – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order: (1) Committed, (2) Assigned, and (3) Unassigned.

## NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## M. Fund Equity (Continued)

**Net Position** – Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the City has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

#### N. Pensions

Effective March 31, 2020, the City merged with and transferred all plan assets administration, and custodial duties to the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Hapeville Retirement Plan (the "Plan") and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### O. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds". The details of this \$3,263,136 difference are as follows:

Financed purchases payable	\$ (2,189,161)
Compensated absences	 (1,073,975)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental	
funds to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ (3,263,136)

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "the deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and the net pension liability related to the City's pension plan and OPEB plan are not expected to be liquidated with expendable financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds". The details of this \$22,125,155 difference are as follows:

Deferred outflows of resources - pension related items	\$ 5,569,786
Deferred inflows of resources - pension related items	(1,186,980)
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB related items	1,307,730
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB related items	(3,096,102)
Net pension liability	(14,844,908)
Total OPEB liability	 (9,874,681)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds	
to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ (22,125,155)
	\$ (22,125,1

## NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances include a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances* – *total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$277,091 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 2,231,199
Depreciation expense	(1,954,108)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ 277,091

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$4,247,129 difference are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$ 111,594
Total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability and	
related deferred inflows/outflows of resources	(193,038)
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and	
related deferred inflows/outflows of resources	4,328,573
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ 4,247,129

#### NOTE 3. LEGAL COMPLIANCE – BUDGETS

Prior to July 1, the Director of Finance submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. After revisions, if any, by the council, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department or fund must be approved by the City Council. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the City. Encumbrances outstanding do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and are re-appropriated in the subsequent year. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. The budgets for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Projects Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Proprietary fund type budgets are adopted for management control purposes only.

### NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Primary Government**

The table below summarizes the City's cash and cash equivalents by type as of June 30, 2024:

	Maturities	 Balance
Deposits with financial institutions		\$ 7,734,179
Money market funds	20 days	 19,296
Total		\$ 7,753,475
As reported in the Statement of Net Position:		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 6,946,480
Restricted cash		 806,995
Total		\$ 7,753,475

## NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

**Credit Risk:** State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; obligations issued by the U.S. Government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. Government; prime bankers' acceptances; the local government investment pool established by state law; repurchase agreements; and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

**Fair Value Measurements:** The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 are significant unobservable inputs.

The Money Market Funds, classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy, are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those investments.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes and City policy, require all deposits and investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance or pledged securities. Amounts that exceed standard depository insurance limits are required to be collateralized either (1) individually by the financial institutions through pledged obligations of the U.S. Government, obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government, obligations of the State of Georgia or other states, or obligations of counties, municipalities, or public authorities of the State of Georgia, or (2) participation in the State of Georgia Secure Deposit Program. As of June 30, 2024, the financial institution holding the main operating deposits of the City is a participant of the State of Georgia Secure Deposit Program, which is administered by the Office of the State Treasurer and requires participating banks holding deposits of public funds to pledge collateral at varying rates depending on tier assigned by the State.

## NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

**Interest Rate Risk:** With regard to its investments the City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

At June 30, 2024, information on the credit risk and interest rate risk related to the City's investments is disclosed as follows:

	Weighted Average	Credit	
Investment	Maturity (Days)	Rating	Fair Value
Money market funds	20	Aaa	\$ 19,296

**Fair Value Measurements:** The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

Investment	Level 1		Level 2		Lev	vel 3	Fair Value		
Money market funds Total investments	\$	19,296	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,296	
measured at fair value	\$	19,296	\$		\$		\$	19,296	

#### NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

#### **Property Taxes Receivable**

Property taxes are levied on property values assessed as of January 1. The billing is mailed September 1 which is considered the levy date. The billings are due 45 days upon receipt by the taxpayer. After this date, the bill becomes delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the City. Property taxes are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources (unavailable revenues) when assessed. Revenues are recognized when available.

Enterprise fund solid waste fees and stormwater fees are billed monthly on the 15<sup>th</sup> of the month and are due on the 20<sup>th</sup> of the next month. Estimated unbilled revenues from the enterprise funds are recognized at the end of each fiscal year based on the amount of service provided prior to year end.

## NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Receivables at June 30, 2024, for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	General Fund		General Fund			-SPLOST Fund	Н	lotel/Motel Fund	onmajor mental Funds
Receivables:						,			
Taxes	\$	755,424	\$	-	\$	564,569	\$ 40,056		
Intergovernmental		-		123,795		-	70,502		
Other		17,940		-		-	32,080		
Less allowance									
for uncollectible		(206, 208)		-		-	-		
Net total receivable	\$	567,156	\$	123,795	\$	564,569	\$ 142,638		

	Development Authority		-		Solid Waste	Stormwater		
Receivables:								
Accounts	\$	-	\$	1,250,115	\$ 189,588	\$	327,647	
Intergovernmental		-		110,881	-		-	
Less allowance								
for uncollectible		-		(236,813)	(67,045)		(150,319)	
Note receivable		69,951					-	
Net total receivable	\$	69,951	\$	1,124,183	\$ 122,543	\$	177,328	

#### Note Receivable

The Development Authority issued a loan (note receivable) in 2010 to Hoe Cakes Bakery, LLC for \$159,000. The Authority loaned the bakery the money to purchase the bakery property in an effort to have more business in the City limits. The Authority will receive 240 monthly payments of \$1,139 at an interest rate of 6.0%.

Activity on the note for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 is shown below.

Beginning Balance		Addi	itions	Red	luctions		inding alance	Due Within One Year		
Note Receivable	<u>\$</u>	79,102	\$	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	9,151	<u>\$</u>	69,951	<u>\$</u>	9,715
Total	\$	79.102	\$		\$	9.151	\$	69,951	\$	9.715

## NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

## **Note Receivable (Continued)**

Future repayments to be received by the Development Authority are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	 nterest	Total			
2025	\$	9,715	\$ 4,003	\$	13,718		
2026		10,263	3,407		13,670		
2027		10,896	2,774		13,670		
2028		11,568	2,101		13,669		
2029		12,282	1,388		13,670		
2030-2031		15,227	 667		15,894		
Total	\$	69,951	\$ 14,340	\$	84,291		

#### NOTE 6. LEASE RECEIVABLE

The City leased two parcels of land and one building to a third party. The City receives variable monthly payments in amounts ranging from \$1,022 to \$3,105 which includes the principal and interest components of the payments. The interest rates on the land leases are 4% and 2.2% and the interest rate on the building lease is 3%. For the current year, the City recognized \$86,906 in lease revenue and \$54,967 in interest revenue related to the leases. As of June 30, 2024, the City's receivable for lease payments was \$2,682,074. Also, the City has a deferred inflow of resources associated with the leases that will be recognized over the lease term that ends on June 30, 2058. This deferred inflow of resources has a balance of \$2,532,210 as of June 30, 2024.

	 Beginning Balance	Add	litions	Re	ductions	Ending Balance	e Within ne Year
Lease receivable	\$ 2,698,273	\$	-	\$	(16,199)	\$ 2,682,074	\$ 19,876

Future repayments to be received by the Development Authority are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
2025	\$	19.876	\$	53,424	\$	73,300
2026	*	23,636	*	51,864	•	75,500
2027		27,481		50,283		77,764
2028		31,415		48,683		80,098
2029		35,442		47,058		82,500
2030-2034		241,012		210,133		451,145
2035-2039		357,248		165,753		523,001
2040-2044		450,169		117,918		568,087
2045-2049		505,252		77,618		582,870
2050-2054		634,824		40,883		675,707
2055-2058		355,719		70,314		426,033
Total	\$	2,682,074	\$	933,931	\$	3,616,005

## NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

## **Primary Government**

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance		Increases		_	Decreases		Transfers		Ending Balance	
Capital assets not being depreciated:											
Land	\$	2,677,329	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,677,329	
Construction in progress		55,836		942,720		-				998,556	
Total		2,733,165		942,720	_	-				3,675,885	
Capital assets, being depreciated:											
Autos, trucks, and equipment		11,746,589		1,288,479		(184,971)		-		12,850,097	
Land improvements		6,905,254		-		-		-		6,905,254	
Buildings and improvements		10,053,731		-		-		-		10,053,731	
Infrastructure		35,576,701		-		-		-		35,576,701	
Total		64,282,275		1,288,479		(184,971)		_		65,385,783	
Less accumulated depreciation for:											
Autos, trucks, and equipment		(8,486,564)		(732,878)		184,971		-		(9,034,471)	
Land improvements		(3,427,798)		(236,032)		-		-		(3,663,830)	
Buildings and improvements		(4,076,052)		(262,035)		-		-		(4,338,087)	
Infrastructure		(20,651,574)		(723,163)		-		-		(21,374,737)	
Total		(36,641,988)		(1,954,108)		184,971		-		(38,411,125)	
Total capital assets, being											
depreciated, net		27,640,287		(665,629)	_					26,974,658	
Governmental activities											
capital assets, net	\$	30,373,452	\$	277,091	\$		\$		\$	30,650,543	

## NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City's governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 141,807
Public safety	650,207
Highway and streets	701,071
Recreation	412,820
Trade tourism and development	 48,203
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,954,108

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	<u>lı</u>	ncreases	De	creases	Transfers		Ending Balance
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Water System	\$ 17,501,849	\$	504,250	\$	-	\$ -	\$	18,006,099
Rights to Capacity	5,508,846		-		-	-		5,508,846
Equipment	1,093,151		646,273		-	-		1,739,424
Infrastructure	1,341,038		-		-	-		1,341,038
Buildings and Improvements	 2,264,642							2,264,642
Total	27,709,526		1,150,523					28,860,049
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Water System	(7,093,960)		(393,908)		-	-		(7,487,868)
Rights to Capacity Amortization	(1,749,917)		(110,177)		-	-		(1,860,094)
Equipment	(899,972)		(13,925)		-	-		(913,897)
Infrastructure	(822,136)		(32,168)		-	-		(854,304)
Buildings and Improvements	 (28,308)		(56,616)					(84,924)
Total	(10,594,293)		(606,794)		-	-		(11,201,087)
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated, net	 17,115,233		543,729		-		. —	17,658,962
Business-type activities								
capital assets, net	\$ 17,115,233	\$	543,729	\$		\$ -	\$	17,658,962

## NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

Total depreciation expense - business-type activities

Amortization and depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City's business-type activities as follows:

Business-type activities:	
Water and Sewer Utility	\$ 393,908
Amortization of rights to capacity-Water and Sewer	110,177
Solid Waste	13,925
Stormwater Utility	32,168
Development Authority	56,616

606,794

## NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT

## **Primary Government**

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending	D	ue Within
	Balance	Additions	F	Reductions	Balance	(	One Year
Governmental activities:	_			_			·
Financed purchases from							
direct borrowings	\$ 1,629,807	\$ 1,133,286	\$	(573,932)	\$ 2,189,161	\$	607,746
Total OPEB liability	10,185,882	734,096		(1,045,297)	9,874,681		-
Net pension liability	11,213,815	7,564,973		(3,933,880)	14,844,908		-
Compensated absences	962,381	 826,372		(714,778)	1,073,975		796,761
Governmental activity	 	 _			 _		
Long-term liabilities	\$ 23,991,885	\$ 10,258,727	\$	(6,267,887)	\$ 27,982,725	\$	1,404,507
Business-type activities:							
Bonds payable - direct placement	\$ 8,185,000	\$ -	\$	(1,510,000)	\$ 6,675,000	\$	775,000
Notes payable - direct borrowing	965,157	-		(49,652)	915,505		50,276
Financed purchase - direct borrowing	-	435,622		-	435,622		64,656
Total OPEB liability	806,520	62,973		(22,414)	847,079		-
Net pension liability	860,833	730,942		(157,433)	1,434,342		-
Compensated absences	117,114	44,659		(18,799)	142,974		41,237
Business-type activity							
Long-term liabilities	\$ 10,934,624	\$ 1,274,196	\$	(1,758,298)	\$ 10,450,522	\$	931,169

## NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

### **Primary Government (Continued)**

For governmental funds, compensated absences, the net pension liability and the total OPEB liability are liquidated by the General Fund. Financed purchases are liquidated by the General Fund. For business-type activities, compensated absences, the net pension liability, and total OPEB liability are liquidated by the Water and Sewer Utility Fund, the Stormwater Fund, and the Solid Waste Fund.

**Financed Purchases – Equipment – Governmental Activities.** The City has entered into several finance purchase agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment used in general governmental activities. The agreements qualify as a financed purchase for accounting purposes as either the titles transfer at the end of the lease terms or the leases include bargain purchase options and, therefore, have been recorded at the present values of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inceptions. Lease payments are due in annual installments.

The original cost of the City's assets under lease arrangements at June 30, 2024 is \$4,574,568 and there has been \$1,351,887 of accumulated depreciation as of fiscal year end. Annual amortization of leased assets is included in depreciation expense.

Phase IV of the agreement began November 2018 for financing the acquisition of various equipment totaling \$554,564. The annual interest rate applicable to this phase is 3.363% and matures in November 2025.

Also in March 2016, the City entered into an agreement for the purchase of a firetruck for \$1,010,796. The annual interest rates applicable to this lease is 3.196% and matures in June 2029.

In July 2019, the City entered into an equipment purchase agreement with Regions Bank for the purchase of an ambulance costing \$189,000. The annual interest rate applicable to this lease is 3.08% and matures in July 2024.

In December 2019, the City entered into an equipment purchase agreement with Regions Bank for the purchase of a recreational van costing \$37,791. The annual interest rate applicable to this lease is 3.08% and matures in December 2024.

In June 2020, the City entered into an equipment purchase agreement with Regions Bank for the purchase of a fire truck costing \$46,710. The annual interest rate applicable to this lease is 3.20% and matures in June 2025.

In August 2020, the City entered into a financed purchase agreement for a firetruck and four vehicles with a combined cost of \$771,454. The annual interest rate applicable to this lease is 1.71% and matures in August of 2025.

## NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

### **Primary Government (Continued)**

In May 2021, the City entered into a financed purchase agreement for a separate firetruck costing \$82,138. This lease agreement carries an interest rate of 2.96% and matured in May of 2023.

In November 2022, the City entered into a financed purchase agreement for six police vehicles costing \$295,746. This lease agreement carries an interest rate of 4.05% and matures in November of 2027.

In June 2023, the City entered into a financed purchase agreement for two police vehicles costing \$99,600. This lease agreement carries an interest rate of 3.96% and matures in June of 2029.

In July 2023, the City entered into a financed purchase agreement for twenty-one (21) police vehicles costing \$1,133,286. This lease agreement carries an interest rate of 4.53% and matures in September of 2029.

The City's total financed purchases debt service requirements to maturity for governmental activities are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
	I	Principal	Interest				
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,							
2025	\$	607,746	\$	77,559			
2026		505,329		57,836			
2027		349,437		41,008			
2028		363,961		26,482			
2029		312,574		11,343			
2030		50,114		568			
Total	\$	2,189,161	\$	214,796			

## NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

### **Primary Government (Continued)**

**Financed Purchases – Equipment – Business-Type Activities.** The City has entered into a finance purchase agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment used in business-type activities. The agreement qualifies as a financed purchase for accounting purposes as either the title transfers at the end of the lease terms or the lease includes a bargain purchase option and, therefore, has been recorded at the present values of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inceptions. Lease payments are due in annual installments.

In April 2024, the City entered into a financed purchase agreement for two (2) solid waste freightliner garbage trucks costing \$435,622. This lease agreement carries an interest rate of 4.57% and matures in May of 2030.

The City's total financed purchases debt service requirements to maturity for business-type activities are as follows:

		Business-Type Activities						
	P	rincipal	Interest					
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	·	_		·				
2025	\$	64,656	\$	19,178				
2026		67,644		16,189				
2027		70,771		13,062				
2028		74,042		9,791				
2029		77,464		6,369				
2030		81,045		2,788				
Total	\$	435,622	\$	67,377				

Bonds Payable – Direct Placement. Series 2019 Development Authority Revenue Bonds – On November 4, 2019, the City issued Series 2019A Bonds in the amount of \$2,925,000 and Series 2019B Bonds in the amount of \$1,780,000 to refund the following bonds: refunded the remaining \$1,625,000 of the 2004A Series Revenue Bonds, refunded the remaining \$1,705,000 of 2004B Series Revenue Bonds, and refunded the remaining \$1,180,000 of the 2007 Series Revenue Bonds. The Series 2019A Bonds carry an interest rate of 2.18% and will mature on February 1, 2027. The bond principal and interest payments on the 2019A Series are due on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The 2019B Series Bonds carry an interest rate of 2.66% and will mature on August 1, 2024. The bond principal payments are due on August 1 of each year and interest is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 each year. The refunding transaction resulted in an economic gain (net present value of the aggregate debt service savings) of \$117,148.

## NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

#### **Primary Government (Continued)**

In June 2004, the Development Authority issued Tax-Exempt Revenues Bond Series 2004A in the amount of \$4,855,000 to be used for paying off capital lease payable to Georgia Municipal Association and for developing and maintaining a streetscape project, and constructing improvements to the City's existing water and sewer system. The bond rate is 4.80% with a maturity date of August 1, 2024. The bond principal payments are due on August 1 of each year and interest is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 each year. As of June 30, 2024, the current outstanding amount of debt considered legally defeased for the 2004A Series Bonds equals \$125,000.

In June 2004, the Development Authority issued Tax-Exempt Revenues Bond Series 2004B in the amount of \$4,435,000 to be used for paying off the Authority's debt to the City and for completion of the 2004B projects. The bond rate is based on the Wall Street Journal LIBOR Daily Floating Rate plus 2.50% with a maturity date of August 1, 2024. The bond principal payments are due on August 1 of each year and interest is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 each year. As of June 30, 2024, the current outstanding amount of debt considered legally defeased for the 2004B Series Bonds equals \$380,000.

In January 2007, the Development Authority issued Tax-Exempt Revenue Bonds, Series 2007, in the amount of \$2,180,000 to be used to finance all or a portion of the costs of certain public infrastructure projects of the City. The interest rate of the semi-annual February and August payment is 4% through February 1, 2015, 4.25% from August 1, 2015 through February 1, 2023, and 4.275% from August 1, 2023 through February 1, 2027. As of June 30, 2024, the current outstanding amount of debt considered legally defeased for the 2007 Series Bonds equals \$635,000.

In January 2014, the Development Authority issued Tax-Exempt Revenue Bonds, Series 2014A-1, in the amount of \$5,765,000 and Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series 2014A-2, in the amount of \$620,000. The Series 2014 Bonds are being issued for the provision of certain improvements to its City Hall complex, welcome center and various water and sewerage infrastructure systems along with costs of issuance. The interest rate on the Series 2014A-1 is 3.83% per annum and the interest rate on the Series 2014A-2 is 2.7% per annum. The Series 2014A-1 Bonds mature on July 1, 2028 and the Series 2014A-2 was paid off as of June 30, 2017.

In July 2022, the Development Authority issued Tax-Exempt Revenue Bonds, Series 2022, in the amount of \$3,400,000. The Series 2022 Bonds are being issued for the purposes of financing the costs of acquiring, constructing and installing a public works facility and acquiring, renovating and installing a city hall facility, a municipal court and police headquarters facility and public recreation fields and associated facilities. The interest rate on the Series 2022 is 3.45% per annum. The Series 2022 Bonds mature on February 1, 2037.

## NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

Debt service requirements to maturity on these bonds payable are as follows:

		Principal		Interest		Total
Series 2014 A-1	_	-	_			
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,						
2025	\$	495,000	\$	92,973	\$	587,973
2026	•	515,000	·	73,632	·	588,632
2027		535,000		53,524		588,524
2028		555,000		32,651		587,651
2029		575,000		11,011		586,011
Total	\$	2,675,000	\$	263,791	\$	2,938,791
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		Principal		Interest		Total
Series 2019A		•				
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,						
2025	\$	280,000	\$	11,554	\$	291,554
2026	•	155,000	·	6,159	·	161,159
2027		165,000		2,670		167,670
Total	\$	600,000	\$	20,383	\$	620,383
			•			
		Principal		Interest		Total
Series 2022	_		_			
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,						
2025	\$	_	\$	117,300	\$	117,300
2026	•	-	·	117,300	·	117,300
2027		-		117,300		117,300
2028		-		117,300		117,300
2029		-		117,300		117,300
2030-2034		2,020,000		451,432		2,471,432
2035-2037		1,380,000		96,255		1,476,255
Total	\$	3,400,000	\$	1,134,187	\$	4,534,187

## NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

## **Primary Government (Continued)**

**Note Payable – Direct Borrowing.** On February 5, 2019, the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA) awarded the City a \$1,535,000 loan through direct borrowing at an interest rate of 1.25%. The outstanding balance of the note payable at June 30, 2024 is \$915,505. The note contains a provision that the fixed charges coverage ratio may not be less than 1.05.

Debt service requirements to maturity on this note payable are as follows:

	_	Principal	_	Interest	Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,						
2025	\$	50,276	\$	11,156	\$	61,432
2026		50,908		10,524		61,432
2027		51,548		9,884		61,432
2028		52,196		9,236		61,432
2029		52,852		8,580		61,432
2030-2034		274,397		32,765		307,162
2035-2039		292,085		15,077		307,162
2040		91,243		906		92,149
Total	\$	915,505	\$	98,128	\$	1,013,633

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## NOTE 9. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Due to/from other funds at June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 56,071
General Fund	Hotel/Motel Fund	247,027
Water and Sewer Utility Fund	T-SPLOST Fund	55,836
		\$ 358,934

Advanced to/from other funds at June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Development Authority Fund	\$ 2,515,525
General Fund	Solid Waste Fund	198,358
		\$ 2,713,883

All interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) repayments between funds are made. TSPLOST represents allowable program costs incurred in the Water and Sewer Fund. The advance to the Development Authority will be repaid by the Authority through future sale of real estate properties held for redevelopment. The advance to the Solid Waste fund will be repaid by future charges for solid waste services.

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount
General Fund	Hotel/Motel Fund	\$ 1,938,243
General Fund	Development Authority Fund	676,517
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	154,687
Development Authority Fund	General Fund	696,950
Development Authority Fund	Water and Sewer Utility Fund	685,200
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	448,437
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	T-SPLOST Fund	196,655
		\$ 4,796,689

Transfers are primarily used to (1) move unrestricted revenues collected in various funds to finance various programs of the City accounted for in the General Fund in accordance with budgetary authorizations, (2) move cash to cover operations to the nonmajor governmental funds, (3) move hotel/motel taxes between funds for expending in accordance with state law, (4) move cash to the Development Authority to cover debt service payments on revenue bonds issues by the Development Authority for public infrastructure improvement projects and (5) move TSPLOST funds to cover allowable costs incurred in the capital projects fund.

#### NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS

#### **Plan Description**

The City, as authorized by the City Council, has established a defined benefit pension plan (The City of Hapeville Retirement Plan) covering all full-time employees. The City Council in its role as the Plan Sponsor, has the sole authority to amend the provisions, including specific benefit provisions and contribution requirements of the Plan as provided by the Plan document. The City's pension plan is affiliated with the Georgia Municipal Employee Benefit System (GMEBS), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association (GMA). Contributions made by the City are commingled with contributions made by other members of GMEBS for investment purposes. Active plan members (employees of the City) are not required to make contributions to the Plan. The City does not own any securities on its own. Investment income from the securities is allocated on a pro rata basis.

The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan participants and beneficiaries. The Georgia Municipal Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GMEBS. That report may be obtained by writing to Georgia Municipal Association, Risk Management and Employee Benefit Services, 201 Pryor Street, NW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303 or by calling (404) 688-0472 or on the internet at www.gmanet.com.

### Plan Membership

As of January 1, 2024, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan membership included the following categories of participants:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	88
Terminated vested participants not yet receiving benefits	52
Active participants	125_
	265

#### **Contributions**

The Plan is subject to minimum funding standards of the Georgia Public Retirement Systems Standards law. The Board of Trustees of GMEBS has adopted a recommended actuarial funding policy for the Plan which meets state minimum requirements and will accumulate sufficient funds to provide the benefits under the Plan. The funding policy for the Plan, as adopted by the City Council, is to contribute an amount equal to or greater than the actuarially recommended contribution rate. This rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by Plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of Plan members, as determined by the City Council. At this time, Plan members are not required to make contributions to the Plan. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the City's contribution rate was 18.36% of annual payroll. City contributions to the Plan were \$1,187,511 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

## NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

## **Net Pension Liability of the City**

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as January 1, 2024 with update procedures performed by the actuary to roll forward to the total pension asset measured as of September 30, 2023.

**Actuarial Assumptions.** The total pension liability in the January 1, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases 3.00% - 8.50%

Investment rate of return 7.375%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Mortality rates for the January 1, 2024 valuation were based on the sex-distinct Pri-2012 headcount weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2024 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2019.

Cost of living adjustments were assumed to be 1.00%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Domestic equity	45%	6.91%
International equity	20%	7.21
Real estate	10%	3.61
Global fixed income	5%	1.67
Domestic fixed income	20%	1.61
Cash	%_	
Total	100%	

<sup>\*</sup> Rates shown are net of the 2.25% assumed rate of inflation

## NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

### **Net Pension Liability of the City (Continued)**

**Discount Rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.375%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Changes in the Net Pension Liability of the City.** The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 were as follows:

	То	tal Pension	Pla	an Fiduciary	<b>Net Pension</b>
		Liability	N	let Position	Liability
		(a)		(b)	(a) - (b)
Balances at 6/30/23	\$	32,534,107	\$	20,459,459	\$ 12,074,648
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		310,937		-	310,937
Interest		2,335,371		-	2,335,371
Experience differences		1,912,101		-	1,912,101
Change of assumptions		-		-	-
Change of benefit terms		-		-	-
Net investment income		-		2,816,860	(2,816,860)
Contributions - employer		-		1,274,453	(1,274,453)
Benefit payments		(2,358,006)		(2,358,006)	_
Administrative expense		-		(25,076)	25,076
Other		3,712,430		_	3,712,430
Net changes		5,912,833		1,708,231	4,204,602
Balances at 9/30/23 reported	•		•		
as of 6/30/24	\$	38,446,940	\$	22,167,690	\$ 16,279,250

The required schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

## NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### **Net Pension Liability of the City (Continued)**

**Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate**. The following table presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.375%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.375%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.375%) than the current rate:

	Current	
1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
(6.375%)	(7.375%)	(8.375%)
\$ 20,838,954	\$ 16,279,250	\$ 12,448,339

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of September 30, 2023 and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

#### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$6,064,185. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,094,917	\$ (1,301,668)
Differences resulting from changes in actuarial assumptions		1,458,146	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,367,376	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,187,511	 
Total	\$	6,107,950	\$ (1,301,668)

City contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$1,187,511 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as shown on the table on the following page:

## NOTE 10. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### **Net Pension Liability of the City (Continued)**

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	
2025	\$ 943,040
2026	888,839
2027	2,056,663
2028	 (269,771)
Total	\$ 3,618,771

## NOTE 11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Administration and Benefits. The City, as authorized by the City Council, administers a single-employer defined benefit Postemployment Healthcare Benefits Plan (the "PHCB Plan"). The PHCB Plan is administered by the City management, under the direction of the City Council. Each fiscal year the City determines the plan benefits and the premium rate for participants (active and retirees). However, dependent coverage which is not available for active employees has a co-pay of 50%. The City also provides retiree life insurance with a face value of \$19,500. Medical coverage changes to Medicare supplement at age 65. All full time employees who are also eligible to retire and receive unreduced benefits under the Defined Benefit Pension Plan are eligible participants in the Plans. The City Council established and may amend the benefit provisions. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 and a separate report was not issued for the PHCB Plan.

**Plan Membership.** Membership of the PHCB Plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2023, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Active participants	129
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	57_
Total	186

**Contributions**. The City Council has elected to fund the PHCB plan on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. Plan members, once retired, contribute to the plan based on the number of years of creditable service. Per a City resolution, the City is required to contribute the current year benefit costs of the PHCB Plan which are not paid by the retiree. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the City did not make any contributions to the pay-as-you-go benefits for the PHCB Plan.

## NOTE 11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

#### Total OPEB Liability of the City

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023 with the actuary using standard techniques to roll forward the liability to the measurement date.

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Discount Rate: 3.93%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate: 5.00%
Inflation Rate: 2.00%

Mortality rates were based on the PubG-2010 Mortality Table, projected by the MP-2021 Mortality Improvement Scale.

**Discount Rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.93%, an increase from the rate of 3.65% utilized for the previous valuation. The Plan is not funded. Therefore, the 20-year tax-free municipal bond (Bond Buyer 20-Bond General Obligation Index) yield of 3.93% as of June 30, 2024 was used as the discount rate.

**Changes in the Total OPEB Liability of the City.** The changes in the components of the total OPEB liability of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, were as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability (a)	
Balances at 6/30/23	\$	10,992,402
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		402,979
Interest		394,090
Experience differences		(434, 362)
Assumption changes		(305,314)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(328,035)
Net changes		(270,642)
Balances at 6/30/24	\$	10,721,760

The required schedule of changes in the City's total OPEB liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about the total OPEB liability.

## NOTE 11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

**Total OPEB Liability of the City (Continued)** 

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.93%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.93%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.93%)	(3.93%)	(4.93%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 11,879,536	\$ 10,721,760	\$ 9,735,564

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates.

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(4.00%)	(5.00%)	(6.00%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 10,034,900	\$ 10,721,760	\$ 11,503,675	

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revisions as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of June 30, 2024 and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and inactive employees.

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$196,721. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred  Outflows of  Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$ 144,252 1,275,660	\$ (1,311,804) (2,049,891)
Total	\$ 1,419,912	\$ (3,361,695)

## NOTE 11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

## **Total OPEB Liability of the City (Continued)**

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year ending June 30:	
2025	\$ (600,347)
2026	(504,280)
2027	(384,293)
2028	(257,135)
2029	(195,728)
Thereafter	 
Total	\$ (1,941,783)

### NOTE 12. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

The City of Hapeville's Internal Revenue Code Section 457 and 401(a) Plan (the "Plan") is a deferred compensation plan and qualifies as a defined contribution pension plan. The Plan is administered by Mass Mutual for all full time employees. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City's Council. All employees who work at least 30 hours per week are eligible to participate in the plan. At June 30, 2024, there were 22 plan members.

Employees are not required to contribute to the Plan. Employees may contribute a portion of their gross salary, not to exceed the IRS guidelines, into the Plan. The Plan allows employees to increase, decrease, stop and restart deferrals as often as they wish without penalties or fees. Total employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was \$42,856.

The City also provides an opportunity for the City Manager to participate in a defined contribution money-purchase pension plan, known as City of Hapeville/City Manager Plan, administered by ICMA Retirement Corporation. Participant contributions are not required to be eligible for the employer contribution. There is no vesting period. Loans are not permitted under the Plan. The City has no fiduciary relationship with the plan and plan assets are not available to the City or its general creditors. The Plan assets are held in trust by the administrator for the exclusive benefit of the participants of the Plan. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the City contributed \$5,650 of matching contributions to the Plan for the City manager.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 13. FUND DEFICITS

As of June 30, 2024, the City's Development Authority Fund had a deficit of net position of \$4,649,158. The deficit will be reduced annually as payments, funded by budgeted transfers from other funds, are made on the Development Authority's outstanding bond issuances (See Note 8). The City's Solid Waste Fund also had a deficit of net position of \$173,509 which will be reduced as revenues increase following an increase in solid waste service rates.

#### NOTE 14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In response to these risks, the City has purchased commercial insurance for all property and liability coverage. For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years.

#### NOTE 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Litigation

The City is a defendant in certain legal actions in the nature of claims for alleged damages to persons and property and other similar types of actions rising in the course of City operations. Liability, if any, which might result from these proceedings, would not, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

#### **Contractual Commitments**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, contractual commitments on uncompleted contracts were \$231,763.

#### **Grant Contingencies**

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to the disallowance of certain expenditures previously reimbursed by those agencies. Based upon prior experience, management of the City believes such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### NOTE 16. HOTEL/MOTEL LODGING AND MOTOR VEHICLE EXCISE TAX

The City imposes a hotel/motel tax on lodging facilities within the City. The tax was assessed at 8%. Revenues were \$3,445,766 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The City is required to spend an amount equal to 62.5% of the total taxes collected for the purpose of promoting tourism, conventions, and trade shows, or for facilities used for these purposes as required by O.C.G.A. 48-13-51(b). The City transferred \$1,938,243 to the General Fund.

The City imposes a 3% excise tax on all rental motor vehicles within the City. This car rental tax is intended to be used for public safety activities. Revenues were \$154,687 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, of which 100% was transferred to the General Fund.

#### NOTE 17. CONDUIT DEBT

To further economic development in the City, the Development Authority issued \$424,097,500 of Series 2017 Economic Development Bonds that provide capital financing to a private-sector entity for the acquisition of land and construction of a hotel at the Porsche facility in the City of Hapeville. The land and construction are pledged as collateral, and the bonds are payable solely from payments received from the private-sector entity on the underlying promissory note. In addition, no commitments beyond the collateral, the payments from the private-sector entity, and maintenance of the tax-exempt status of the conduit debt obligation were extended by the Development Authority or the City for the bonds. At June 30, 2024, the bonds have an aggregate outstanding principal amount payable of \$25,000,000.

#### NOTE 18. ACCOUNTING CHANGES

#### Changes within the Financial Reporting Entity

#### Change in Major Funds

In the current year, the City's ARP fund no longer meets the definition of a major fund and the City's T-SPLOST fund now meets the definition of a major fund. The effect of these changes within the financial reporting entity is shown in the table below.

June 30, 2023, as previously reported

Change from major fund to nonmajor fund

Change from nonmajor fund to major fund

June 30, 2023, as adjusted

			Funas		
					Nonmajor
				Go	vernmental
ARF	Fund	T-S	PLOST Fund		Funds
\$	100	\$	-	\$	1,714,577
	(100)		-		100
			1,410,048		(1,410,048)
\$	-	\$	1,410,048	\$	304,629
				-	

Reporting Units Affected by Adjustments to Beginning Balances



### **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

#### CITY OF HAPEVILLE, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RETIREMENT PLAN

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$ 310,937	\$ 275,704	\$ 300,705	\$ 185,503	\$ 126,131
Interest on total pension liability	2,335,371	2,397,158	2,418,542	1,757,491	2,546,090
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,912,101	(1,223,606)	(701,871)	1,072,922	(3,955,417)
Change of assumptions	-	-	-	- (04.477)	414,599
Change of benefit terms Other	3,712,430	-	-	(94,477)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,358,006)	(2,286,559)	(2,278,098)	(1,755,300)	(974,289)
Net change in total pension liability	5,912,833	(837,303)	(260,722)	1,166,139	(1,842,886)
Total pension liability - beginning	32,534,107	33,371,410	33,632,132	32,465,993	34,308,879
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 38,446,940	\$ 32,534,107	\$ 33,371,410	\$ 33,632,132	\$ 32,465,993
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Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 1,274,453	\$ 1,307,088	\$ 739,718	\$ 765,000	\$ -
Net investment income	2,816,860	(4,188,133)	5,265,391	(229,317)	1,147,958
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(2,358,006)	(2,286,559)	(2,278,098)	(1,755,300)	(974,289)
Administrative expense	(25,076)	(100,150)	(62,884)	(4.040.647)	172.660
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,708,231	(5,267,754)	3,664,127	(1,219,617)	173,669
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	20,459,459	25,727,213	22,063,086	23,282,703	23,109,034
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 22,167,690	\$ 20,459,459	\$ 25,727,213	\$ 22,063,086	\$ 23,282,703
City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 16,279,250	\$ 12,074,648	\$ 7,644,197	\$ 11,569,046	\$ 9,183,290
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.7%	62.9%	77.1%	65.6%	71.7%
Covered payroll	\$ 7,307,997	\$ 6,467,133	\$ 6,232,059	\$ 6,210,550	\$ 6,672,676
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	222.8%	186.7%	122.7%	186.3%	137.6%
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$ 102,027	\$ 94,909	\$ 96,591	\$ 111,626	\$ 117,867
Interest on total pension liability	2,162,781	2,038,463	2,108,653	2,030,740	2,032,600
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions	4,475,000	1,886,300	(808,685)	1,166,057	46,763
Change of assumptions  Change of benefit terms	4,473,000	-	-	-	-
Other	_	_	_	_	_
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,331,960)	(2,363,741)	(2,299,009)	(2,211,614)	(2,219,779)
Net change in total pension liability	4,407,848	1,655,931	(902,450)	1,096,809	(22,549)
Total pension liability - beginning	29,901,031	28,245,100	29,147,550	28,050,741	28,073,290
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 34,308,879	\$ 29,901,031	\$ 28,245,100	\$ 29,147,550	\$ 28,050,741
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 910,715	\$ 664,738	\$ 698,388	\$ 526,090	\$ 557,148
Net investment income	1,295,740	1,360,784	2,564,916	361,896	563,309
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(2,331,960)	(2,363,741)	(2,299,009)	(2,211,614)	(2,219,778)
Administrative expense	(405 505)	(000,040)	-	(4.000.000)	(4,000,004)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(125,505)	(338,219)	964,295	(1,323,628)	(1,099,321)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	23,234,539	23,572,758	22,608,463	23,932,091	25,031,412
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 23,109,034	\$ 23,234,539	\$ 23,572,758	\$ 22,608,463	\$ 23,932,091
City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 11,199,845	\$ 6,666,492	\$ 4,672,342	\$ 6,539,087	\$ 4,118,650
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	67.4%	77.7%	83.5%	77.6%	85.3%
Covered payroll	\$ 5,050,634	\$ 5,429,796	\$ 4,279,786	\$ 4,541,206	\$ 5,249,658
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	221.8%	122.8%	109.2%	144.0%	78.5%

#### Notes to the Schedule:

<sup>(1)</sup> During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City dissolved its Pension Trust Fund and moved to the Georgia Municipal Employee Benefit System (GMEBS), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS

	 2024	 2023	2022		2021		2020	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,187,511	\$ 1,266,275	\$	1,307,088	\$	1,033,282	\$	765,000
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 1,187,511	 1,266,275		1,307,088		739,718		765,000
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	293,564	\$	
Covered payroll	\$ 6,467,133	\$ 6,232,059	\$	6,210,550	\$	6,173,227	\$	6,132,589
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	18.36%	20.32%		21.05%		11.98%		12.47%
	2019	2018		2017		2016		2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 910,715	\$ 664,738	\$	698,388	\$	526,090	\$	557,148
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 910,715	 664,738		698,388		526,090		557,148
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$		\$		\$	-
Covered payroll	\$ 5,050,634	\$ 5,429,796	\$	4,279,786	\$	4,541,206	\$	5,249,658
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	18.03%	12.24%		16.32%		11.58%		10.61%

#### Notes to the Schedule:

<sup>(1)</sup> During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City dissolved its Pension Trust Fund and moved to the Georgia Municipal Employee Benefit System (GMEBS), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association.

# CITY OF HAPEVILLE, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OPEB RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Total OPEB liability		2024		2023		2022		2021	_	2020
Service cost	\$	402,979	\$	341,834	\$	339,607	\$	306,432	\$	243,151
Interest on total OPEB liability	Ψ	394,090	Ψ	384,835	Ψ	305,145	Ψ	308,303	Ψ	398,231
Experience differences		(434,362)		(461,082)		(156,107)		296,136		(1,963,876)
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		(305,314)		(1,272,662)		(1,996,905)		12,397		1,899,004
Benefit payments		(328,035)		(283,199)		(267,409)		(425,493)		(229,416)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(270,642)		(1,290,274)		(1,775,669)		497,775		347,094
Total OPEB liability - beginning		10,992,402		12,282,676		14,058,345		13,560,570		13,213,476
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	10,721,760	\$	10,992,402	\$	12,282,676	\$	14,058,345	\$	13,560,570
Covered-employee payroll	\$	7,877,369	\$	7,892,194	\$	6,578,589	\$	6,471,653	\$	6,271,035
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		136.1%		139.3%		186.7%		217.2%		216.2%
		2019		2018						
Total OPEB liability										
Service cost	\$	124,037	\$	119,266						
Interest on total OPEB liability		421,339		413,178						
Experience differences		-		-						
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		2,369,482		(19,303)						
Benefit payments		(221,678)		(402,091)						
Net change in total OPEB liability		2,693,180		111,050						
Total OPEB liability - beginning		10,520,296		10,409,246						
Total OPEB liability - ending		13,213,476		10,520,296						
Covered-employee payroll	\$	5,050,634	\$	5,249,658						
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		261.6%		200.4%						

#### Notes to the Schedule:

- (1) The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.
- (2) The City is not accumulating assets in a trust fund that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 for payment of future OPEB benefits.

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The City reports the following nonmajor special revenue funds:

- <u>Asset Forfeiture Fund</u> This fund is used to account for the City's share of monies that have been forfeited through the court system and are restricted for law enforcement purposes.
- **Emergency 911 (E-911) Fund** This fund is used to account for receipt of "911" emergency telephone system charges collected by communication firms. Funds are restricted by state laws.
- <u>Vehicle Excise Tax Fund</u> This fund is used to account for the collection and expenditures of an excise tax levied on motor vehicles in the City. The proceeds of this tax are restricted by state law.
- <u>Tax Allocation District Fund</u> This fund is used to account for the collection of tax increments within the City's tax allocation district. The tax is restricted for redevelopment within the district.
- <u>Other Special Revenue Fund</u> This fund is used to account for specific revenues such as various grants and contributions, which are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for particular purposes.
- <u>ARP Fund</u> This fund is used to account for grant funding received by the City under the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.

The City reports the following nonmajor capital project funds:

<u>Capital Project Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of funds related to major capital projects throughout the City. These funds are restricted or assigned for capital construction projects within the City.

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

						Special Reve	enue	Funds					Capital Projects Funds			
ASSETS	Asse	Asset Forfeiture E-911 Fund Fund			Vehicle Excise Tax Fund		Tax Allocation District Fund		Other Special Revenue Fund		ARP Fund		Capital Project Fund		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,389	\$	31,208	\$	-	\$	69,132	\$	10,298	\$	-	\$	339,989	\$	460,016
Taxes receivable		-		-		40,056		-		-		-		-		40,056
Intergovernmental receivables		-				-		-		6,933		9,493		54,076		70,502
Accounts receivable			_	32,080	_		_		_		_		_	<del></del>		32,080
Total assets	\$	9,389	\$	63,288	\$	40,056	\$	69,132	\$	17,231	_	9,493	\$	394,065	\$	602,654
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																
LIABILITIES																
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	22,874	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,874
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-		-		264		-		264
Due to other funds			_	-	_	40,056	_	-		6,886	_	9,129	_	<u> </u>		56,071
Total liabilities				22,874		40,056				6,886	_	9,393		<u>-</u>	_	79,209
FUND BALANCES																
Assigned:																
Public safety		-		-		-		-		-		100		-		100
E911 services		-		40,414		-		-		-		-		-		40,414
Capital construction		-		-		-		-		-		-		394,065		394,065
Restricted:																
Law enforcement		9,389		-		-		-		-		-		-		9,389
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		10,345		-		-		10,345
Capital construction		-	_	-		-	_	69,132		-	_	-		<u>-</u>		69,132
Total fund balances		9,389		40,414			_	69,132	_	10,345	_	100	_	394,065	_	523,445
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,389	\$	63,288	\$	40,056	\$	69,132	\$	17,231	\$	9,493	\$	394,065	e	602,654

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			Special Re	evenue Funds			Capital	Projects Funds	
	Asset Forfeiture Fund	E-911 Fund	Vehicle Excise Tax Fund	Tax Allocation District Fund	Other Special Revenue Fund	(Previously Major) ARP Fund	Capital Project Fund	(Previously Nonmajor) T-SPLOST Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 154.687	\$ 34,081	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		\$ 188.768
Charges for services	· -	184.853	9 134,007	9 34,001	· -	-	-		184.853
Intergovernmental		104,033			12,828	92,674	231,589		337,091
Other revenues	1				12,020	32,014	201,000		1
Total revenues	1	184,853	154,687	34,081	12,828	92,674	231,589		710,713
EXPENDITURES									
Current:		207.440							050.000
Public safety	23,696	627,110		-	-	-	-	•	650,806
Public works	-	-	-	-	40.004		-		400.000
Recreation Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	13,394	92,674	225,428		106,068 225,428
	<u>-</u>							<del></del>	
Total expenditures	23,696	627,110			13,394	92,674	225,428		982,302
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	(23,695)	(442,257)	154,687	34,081	(566)		6,161		(271,589)
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in	-	448,437	-	-	-	-	196,655	-	645,092
Transfers out	-		(154,687)						(154,687)
Total other financing									
sources (uses)		448,437	(154,687)				196,655		490,405
Net change in fund balances	(23,695)	6,180		34,081	(566)		202,816		218,816
FUND BALANCES - July 1	33,084	34,234		35,051	10,911	_	191,249	1,410,048	1,714,577
Adjustment - change to reporting entity						100		(1,410,048)	(1,409,948)
FUND BALANCES - July 1, as adjusted	33,084	34,234	_	35,051	10,911	100	191,249	_	304,629
	\$ 9,389	\$ 40,414	s -	\$ 69,132	\$ 10,345	\$ 100	\$ 394,065	\$ -	\$ 523,445

# CITY OF HAPEVILLE, GEORGIA ASSET FORFEITURE FUND

	Budget					Variance With		
	Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES								
Other revenues	\$ 5	\$	5	\$	1	\$	(4)	
Total revenues	 5		5_		1		(4)	
EXPENDITURES								
Public safety	 5		24,005		23,696		309	
Total expenditures	 5		24,005		23,696		309	
Net change in fund balances	 		(24,000)	_	(23,695)		305	
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	 33,084		33,084		33,084			
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ 33,084	\$	9,084	\$	9,389	\$	305	

#### CITY OF HAPEVILLE, GEORGIA EMERGENCY- 911 FUND

	Bเ Original	idget Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 175,098	\$ 185,000	\$ 184,853	\$ (147)
Total revenues	175,098	185,000	184,853	(147)
EXPENDITURES				
Public safety	862,913	642,730	627,110	15,620
Total expenditures	862,913	642,730	627,110	15,620
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(687,815)	(457,730)	(442,257)	15,473
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in	687,815	457,730	448,437	(9,293)
Total other financing sources	687,815	457,730	448,437	(9,293)
Net change in fund balances	-	-	6,180	6,180
FUND BALANCES, beginning of fiscal year	34,234	34,234	34,234	
FUND BALANCES, end of fiscal year	\$ 34,234	\$ 34,234	\$ 40,414	\$ 6,180

# CITY OF HAPEVILLE, GEORGIA VEHICLE EXCISE TAX FUND

	Budget					Variance With		
		Original		Final	Actual		Fina	I Budget
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	275,000	\$	155,000	\$	154,687	\$	(313)
Total revenues		275,000		155,000		154,687		(313)
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out		(275,000)		(155,000)		(154,687)		313
Total other financing uses		(275,000)		(155,000)		(154,687)		313
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES, beginning of fiscal year		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				
FUND BALANCES, end of fiscal year	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	

# CITY OF HAPEVILLE, GEORGIA TAX ALLOCATION DISTRICT FUND

	Budget						Varia	nce With
	Original			Final		Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$		\$	34,204	\$	34,081	\$	(123)
Total revenues				34,204		34,081		(123)
Net change in fund balances		-		34,204		34,081		(123)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of fiscal year		35,051		35,051		35,051		<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES, end of fiscal year	\$	35,051	\$	69,255	\$	69,132	\$	(123)

# CITY OF HAPEVILLE, GEORGIA OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Bu				Varia	ance With	
	Original		Final	Actual		Fina	l Budget
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$ 9,500	\$	13,394	\$	12,828	\$	(566)
Total revenues	 9,500	-	13,394		12,828		(566)
EXPENDITURES							
Recreation	 9,500		13,394		13,394		
Total expenditures	 9,500		13,394		13,394		
Net change in fund balances	-		-		(566)		(566)
FUND BALANCES, beginning of fiscal year	 10,911		10,911		10,911		
FUND BALANCES, end of fiscal year	\$ 10,911	\$	10,911	\$	10,345	\$	(566)

#### CITY OF HAPEVILLE, GEORGIA ARP FUND

	Bu	dget			Vari	ance With
	Original		Final	 Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$ 70,000	\$	93,000	\$ 92,674	\$	(326)
Total revenues	70,000		93,000	 92,674		(326)
EXPENDITURES Recreation	 70,000		93,000	92,674		326
Total expenditures	 70,000		93,000	 92,674		326
Net change in fund balances	-		-	-		-
FUND BALANCES, beginning of fiscal year	 100		100	 100		
FUND BALANCES, end of fiscal year	\$ 100	\$	100	\$ 100	\$	

# CITY OF HAPEVILLE, GEORGIA CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

	 Buc	lget			Var	iance With
	 Original		Final	 Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$ 174,000	\$	278,300	\$ 231,589	\$	(46,711)
Total revenues	 174,000		278,300	 231,589		(46,711)
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay	370,655		474,955	225,428		249,527
Total expenditures	370,655		474,955	 225,428		249,527
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(196,655)		(196,655)	 6,161		202,816
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in	196,655		196,655	196,655		
Total other financing sources	 196,655		196,655	 196,655		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	-		-	202,816		202,816
FUND BALANCES, beginning of fiscal year	 191,249		191,249	 191,249		
FUND BALANCES, end of fiscal year	\$ 191,249	\$	191,249	\$ 394,065	\$	202,816

#### T-SPLOST FUND

	Buc	dget			Var	iance With
	 Original		Final	 Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES				 		
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,380,000	\$	1,427,000	\$ 1,426,451	\$	(549)
Total revenues	 1,380,000		1,427,000	 1,426,451		(549)
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay	 1,380,000		1,427,000	 494,912		932,088
Total expenditures	 1,380,000		1,427,000	 494,912		932,088
Excess of revenues under expenditures	 			931,539		931,539
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out	(196,655)		-	(196,655)		(196,655)
Total other financing uses	(196,655)		-	(196,655)		(196,655)
Net change in fund balances	(196,655)		-	734,884		734,884
Fund balances, beginning of fiscal year	 1,410,048		1,410,048	 1,410,048		-
Fund balances, end of fiscal year	\$ 1,213,393	\$	1,410,048	\$ 2,144,932	\$	734,884

## Schedule of Expenditures of Transportation Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Project Description	Original Estimated Costs	Current Estimated Costs	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Percentage of Completion
Operation and Safety Improvement - Silent Crossing Project	\$ 1,600,000	\$ 1,800,000	\$ 1,630,702	\$ -	\$ 1,630,702	91%
Pedestrian Improvements - Sidewalk, Curb and Gutter, Bike Lane -						
Dogwood	1,900,000	1,700,000	1,197,090	469,996	1,667,086	98%
Maintenance and Safety - (Paving) Loop Road and Rail Facility Project	1,400,000	3,300,000	3,079,590	196,655	3,276,245	99%
Traffic and Street Signage and Traffic Signal Improvements	600,000	300,000	223,535	14,000	237,535	79%
Pre-Engineering, Project Administration	834,792	334,792	271,565	10,916	282,481	84%
	\$ 6,334,792	\$ 7,434,792	\$ 6,402,482	\$ 691,567	\$ 7,094,049	95%

## Introduction to Statistical Section (Unaudited)

This part of City of Hapeville's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding this year's financial statements, note disclosures, and supplementary financial information. This information is unaudited.

**Contents Exhibits Financial Trends** These tables contain trend information that may assist the reader in assessing the City's current financial performance by placing it in historical perspective. I - XIIA **Revenue Capacity** These tables contain information that may assist the reader in assessing the viability of the City's most significant "own-source" revenue sources, property taxes. XIII-XXI **Debt Capacity** These tables contain information that may assist the reader in analyzing the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue debt in the future. XXII-XXIV **Demographic and Economic Information** These tables present demographic and economic information intended (1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment within which the City operates and (2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among XXV-XXVI cities. **Operating Information** These tables contain service and infrastructure indicators that can inform one's understanding how the information in the City's financial statements relates to the services the City provides and the

XXVII-XXVIII

#### Data Source:

activities it performs.

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the annual comprehensive financial report for the applicable year.

#### City of Hapeville, Georgia Changes in Net Position - Governmental Activities (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Expenses:	20.0									
Governmental Activities										
General government	\$ 2.086.642	\$ 2.265.737	\$ 3,177,991	\$ 2,490,217	\$ 2.721.802	\$ 3,064,547	\$ 3,181,487	\$ 3.616.969	\$ 3,428,481	\$ 4.017.389
Judicial	-	-	129,440	124,583	154,675	357,220	328,236	350.371	327,947	469.688
Public safety	5.011.852	4.936.495	5.729.064	5,496,731	6.111.073	7.803.633	7,757,447	8.170.183	8.455.609	11.131.581
Highways and streets	1,025,120	956,954	784,781	953,406	1,363,892	1,485,918	1,593,163	1,819,584	4,479,415	4,037,758
Culture and recreation <sup>1</sup>	548,727	551,428	1,832,125	1,715,312	1,809,491	2,201,635	2,063,606	2,352,165	1,369,678	1,305,313
Parks and grounds <sup>1</sup>	934,433	865,972				_	_	_		
Planning and zoning	284,203	241,023	298,772	184,740	187,009	330,671	189,853	910,918	300,230	344.723
Trade, tourism, and development	673,741	730,231	905,390	2,045,399	2,410,903	2,142,435	1,602,145	2,150,115	2,575,037	2,697,966
Debt-related expenses	11,008	22,095	44,846	48,535	61,350	60,495	63,272	12,505	42,465	80,069
Total Primary Government Expenses	10,575,726	10,569,935	12,902,409	13,058,923	14,820,195	17,446,554	16,779,209	19,382,810	20,978,862	24,084,487
Program Revenues:										
Governmental Activities										
Charges for services	1,048,241	866,148	1,330,553	1,208,343	1,052,832	1,767,968	1,548,094	2,742,489	2,078,561	1,826,699
Operating grants and contributions	40,977	39,138	26,333	5,290	17,656	4,630	1,220,517	1,318,236	30,586	44,288
Capital grants and contributions	613,912	780,581	667,438	3,054,072	5,334,753	1,904,573	1,644,661	2,192,145	1,728,170	1,750,714
Total Primary Government Program										
Revenues	1,703,130	1,685,867	2,024,324	4,267,705	6,405,241	3,677,171	4,413,272	6,252,870	3,837,317	3,621,701
Net (Expense) Revenue	(8,872,596)	(8,884,068)	(10,878,085)	(8,791,218)	(8,414,954)	(13,769,383)	(12,365,937)	(13,129,940)	(17,141,545)	(20,462,786)
General Revenues:										
Governmental activities										
Taxes										
Property	3,795,160	4,604,469	5,452,637	5,242,270	6,177,974	7,439,950	7,475,538	6,974,646	7,935,120	8,190,574
Sales	1,739,336	1,751,341	1,771,491	1,865,494	1,992,229	1,867,684	2,030,907	2,441,710	2,468,745	2,411,791
Occupation	289,887	324,329	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Franchise	673,023	679,502	653,527	665,196	681,134	689,010	650,940	690,475	766,004	816,906
Insurance premium	354,276	391,735	407,163	433,106	466,835	510,484	537,202	554,124	567,472	617,133
Hotel/motel	2,275,691	2,462,623	2,771,189	3,108,228	3,636,829	2,801,045	2,022,758	3,032,107	3,680,574	3,445,766
Other	558,608	546,226	545,769	631,991	751,228	599,053	579,565	662,987	713,431	752,957
Other local revenue	27,320	39,844	243,593	194,039	54,761	86,011	437,927	161,615	110,029	60,439
Unrestricted investment earnings	191	218	448	781	53	5,847	13	7	7	8
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	383,433	9,582
Transfers	265,139	(361,340)	(452,339)	(439,256)	(484,720)	(354,836)	(795,048)	(663,237)	3,539,105	(20,433)
Total Primary Government General										
Revenues	9,978,631	10,438,947	11,393,478	11,701,849	13,276,323	13,644,248	12,939,802	13,854,434	20,163,920	16,284,723
Total Primary Government Change	_	_				_			_	_
in Net Position	\$ 1,106,035	\$ 1,554,879	\$ 515,393	\$ 2,910,631	\$ 4,861,369	\$ (125,135)	\$ 573,865	\$ 724,494	\$ 3,022,375	\$ (4,178,063)

Data Source:
Applicable years' annual financial report.

Notes:

In fiscal year 2017, the costs for these two functions were merged.

#### City of Hapeville, Georgia Changes in Net Position - Governmental Activities - Percentage of Total (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Expenses:										
Governmental Activities										
General government	19.7%	21.4%	24.6%	19.1%	18.4%	17.6%	19.0%	18.7%	16.3%	16.7%
Judicial	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	2.0%	2.0%	1.8%	1.6%	2.0%
Public safety	47.4%	46.7%	44.4%	42.1%	41.2%	44.7%	46.2%	42.2%	40.3%	46.2%
Highways and streets	9.7%	9.1%	6.1%	7.3%	9.2%	8.5%	9.5%	9.4%	21.4%	16.8%
Culture and recreation <sup>1</sup>	5.2%	5.2%	14.2%	13.1%	12.2%	12.6%	12.3%	12.1%	6.5%	5.4%
Parks and grounds 1	8.8%	8.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Planning and zoning	2.7%	2.3%	2.3%	1.4%	1.3%	1.9%	1.1%	4.7%	1.4%	1.4%
Trade, tourism and development	6.4%	6.9%	7.0%	15.7%	16.3%	12.3%	9.5%	11.1%	12.3%	11.2%
Debt-related expenses	0.1%	0.1%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
Total Primary Government Expenses	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Program Revenues:										
Governmental Activities										
Charges for services	61.5%	51.4%	65.7%	28.3%	16.4%	48.1%	35.1%	43.9%	54.2%	50.4%
Operating grants and contributions	2.4%	2.3%	1.3%	0.1%	0.3%	0.1%	27.7%	21.1%	0.8%	1.2%
Capital grants and contributions	36.0%	46.3%	33.0%	71.6%	83.3%	51.8%	37.3%	35.1%	45.0%	48.3%
Total Primary Government Program										
Revenues	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
General Revenues:										
Governmental activities										
Taxes										
Property	38.0%	44.1%	47.9%	44.8%	46.5%	54.5%	57.8%	50.3%	39.4%	50.3%
Sales	17.4%	16.8%	15.5%	15.9%	15.0%	13.7%	15.7%	17.6%	12.2%	14.8%
Occupation	2.9%	3.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Franchise	6.7%	6.5%	5.7%	5.7%	5.1%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	3.8%	5.0%
Insurance premium	3.6%	3.8%	3.6%	3.7%	3.5%	3.7%	4.2%	4.0%	2.8%	3.8%
Hotel/motel	22.8%	23.6%	24.3%	26.6%	27.4%	20.5%	15.6%	21.9%	18.3%	21.2%
Other	5.6%	5.2%	4.8%	5.4%	5.7%	4.4%	4.5%	4.8%	3.5%	4.6%
Other local revenue	0.3%	0.4%	2.1%	1.7%	0.4%	0.6%	3.4%	1.2%	0.5%	0.4%
Unrestricted investment earnings	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Gain on sale of capital assets	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.9%	0.1%
Transfers	2.7%	-3.5%	-4.0%	-3.8%	-3.7%	-2.6%	-6.1%	-4.8%	17.6%	-0.1%
Total Primary Government General										
Revenues	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

<sup>1</sup> In fiscal year 2017, the costs for these two functions were merged.

Data Source:
Applicable years' annual comprehensive financial report.

## City of Hapeville, Georgia Changes in Net Position - Business-Type Activities (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Source	2015	2016		2017	2018	3 (Restated) <sup>2</sup>		2019		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Expenses:														
Water and sewer	\$ 2,915,863	\$ 3,341,251	\$	3,282,497	\$	3,140,345	\$	4,021,474	\$	3,802,086	\$ 4,118,383	\$ 4,315,335	\$ 5,067,755	\$ 6,652,909
Stormwater	465,351	488,436		131,665		70,284		468,413		286,534	190,984	312,686	272,777	468,086
Solid waste management <sup>1</sup>	-	-		616,717		492,131		504,518		528,226	572,581	562,623	580,408	869,894
Development authority	 616,700	 577,621	_	1,338,589		512,467	_	532,926	_	458,689	264,593	203,838	441,667	386,714
Total Expenses	 3,997,914	4,407,308		5,369,468		4,215,227	_	5,527,331	_	5,075,535	5,146,541	5,394,482	6,362,607	8,377,603
Program Revenues:														
Charges for services	4,824,266	5,162,897		5,907,246		5,527,472		5,744,255		5,771,583	5,070,344	5,691,433	6,088,326	6,350,239
Operating grants	17,484	-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-	5,000
Capital grants and contributions	 	 <u> </u>										138,544	873,348	1,168,938
Total Program Revenues	 4,841,750	 5,162,897		5,907,246		5,527,472	_	5,744,255	_	5,771,583	5,070,344	5,829,977	6,961,674	7,524,177
Net (Expense) Revenue	 843,836	755,589		537,778		1,312,245	_	216,924	_	696,048	(76,197)	435,495	599,067	(853,426)
General Revenues:														
Unrestricted investment income	-	7,633		-		-		-		-	-	-	52,897	55,023
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-		-		-		-		-	-	-	1,719,940	-
Lease revenue	-	-		-		-		-		-	-	-	120,592	86,906
Other	-	(297,348)		-		-		-		-	355,140	56,081	58,789	84,986
Transfers	 (265,139)	 361,340	_	452,339		439,256	_	484,720	_	354,836	795,048	663,237	(3,539,105)	20,433
Total General Revenues	 (265,139)	 71,625		452,339		439,256	_	484,720	_	354,836	1,150,188	719,318	(1,586,887)	247,348
Change in Net Position	\$ 578,697	\$ 827,214	\$	990,117	\$	1,751,501	\$	701,644	\$	1,050,884	\$ 1,073,991	\$ 1,154,813	\$ (987,820)	\$ (606,078)

#### Data Source:

Applicable years' annual comprehensive financial report.

Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Beginning in fiscal year 2017, the City created a new solid waste management fund.

<sup>2</sup> The 2018 Column was restated to correct prior year revenues for the Stormwater Fund.

#### City of Hapeville, Georgia Changes in Net Position - Total (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Source	2015	2016	2017	2018 (Restated)	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Expenses:										
Governmental activities <sup>1</sup>	\$ 10,575,726	\$ 10,569,935	\$ 12,902,409	\$ 13,058,923	\$ 14,820,195	\$ 17,446,554	\$ 16,779,209	\$ 19,382,810	\$ 20,978,862	\$ 24,084,487
Business-type activities <sup>2</sup>	3,997,914	4,407,308	5,369,468	4,215,227	5,527,331	5,075,535	5,146,541	5,394,482	6,362,607	8,377,603
Total Expenses	14,573,640	14,977,243	18,271,877	17,274,150	20,347,526	22,522,089	21,925,750	24,777,292	27,341,469	32,462,090
Program Revenues:										
Governmental activities <sup>1</sup>	1,703,130	1,685,867	2,024,324	4,267,705	6,405,241	3,677,171	4,413,272	6,252,870	3,837,317	3,621,701
Business-type activities <sup>2</sup>	4,841,750	5,162,897	5,907,246	5,527,472	5,744,255	5,771,583	5,070,344	5,829,977	6,961,674	7,524,177
Total Program Revenues	6,544,880	6,848,764	7,931,570	9,795,177	12,149,496	9,448,754	9,483,616	12,082,847	10,798,991	11,145,878
Net (Expense) Revenue	(8,028,760)	(8,128,479)	(10,340,307)	(7,478,973)	(8,198,030)	(13,073,335)	(12,442,134)	(12,694,445)	(16,542,478)	(21,316,212)
General Revenues:										
Governmental activities <sup>1</sup>	9,978,631	10,438,947	11,393,478	11,701,849	13,276,323	13,644,248	12,939,802	13,854,434	20,163,920	16,284,723
Business-type activities <sup>2</sup>	(265,139)	71,625	452,339	439,256	484,720	354,836	1,150,188	719,318	(1,586,887)	247,348
Total General Revenues	9,713,492	10,510,572	11,845,817	12,141,105	13,761,043	13,999,084	14,089,990	14,573,752	18,577,033	16,532,071
Change in Net Position	\$ 1,684,732	\$ 2,382,093	\$ 1,505,510	\$ 4,662,132	\$ 5,563,013	\$ 925,749	\$ 1,647,856	\$ 1,879,307	\$ 2,034,555	\$ (4,784,141)

Notes:

<sup>1</sup>See Exhibit I

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>See Exhibit III

#### City of Hapeville, Georgia Government-Wide Net Position by Category (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

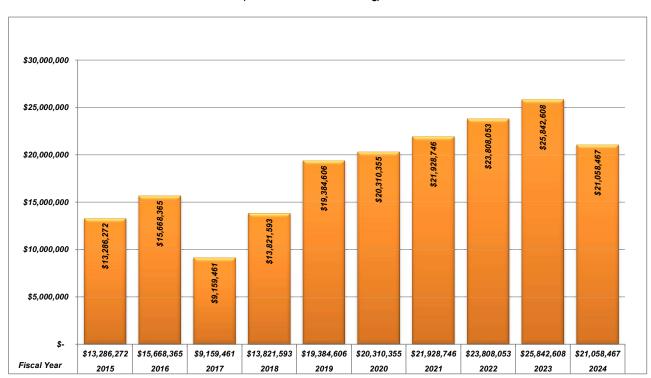
	_						Restated						Restated					
Governmental Activities	_	2015	_	2016	_	2017	 2018 (1)	_	2019	_	2020	_	2021 (2)	_	2022	_	2023	2024
Net investment in																		
capital assets	\$	14.921.279	\$	15,380,764	\$	14,979,549	\$ 16,800,830	\$	23,391,066	\$	25,503,707	\$	26,015,801	\$	27,867,045	\$	28,725,526	\$ 28,365,511
Restricted	·	567,630		994,663		2,235,010	3,078,512		1,520,642		970,169		1,007,836	·	2,209,458		3,242,800	3,823,125
Unrestricted (deficit)		(5,309,749)		(4,613,716)		(11,993,586)	 (11,747,738)		(11,918,735)		(13,606,038)		(13,581,934)		(15,910,306)		(14,779,754)	(19,178,127)
Subtotal Governmental						<u></u>									_		_	
<b>Activities Net Position</b>		10,179,160		11,761,711		5,220,973	8,131,604		12,992,973		12,867,838		13,441,703		14,166,197		17,188,572	13,010,509
Business-Type Activities																		
Net investment in																		
capital assets		13,480,537		13,552,649		13,831,713	13,533,322		13,095,381		13,427,038		12,976,904		15,795,700		13,536,706	9,808,477
Restricted		901,288		1,064,752		1,430,587	908,311		812,819		878,447		1,099,955		520,068		1,152,104	806,995
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(11,274,713)	_	(10,710,747)		(11,323,812)	(8,751,644)		(7,516,567)		(6,862,968)		(5,589,816)		(6,673,912)		(6,034,774)	(2,567,514)
Subtotal Business-Type																		
<b>Activities Net Position</b>		3,107,112	_	3,906,654		3,938,488	5,689,989		6,391,633		7,442,517		8,487,043		9,641,856		8,654,036	8,047,958
Primary Government																		
Net investment in																		
capital assets		28,401,816		28,933,413		28,811,262	30,334,152		36,486,447		38,930,745		38,992,705		43,662,745		42,262,232	38,173,988
Restricted		1,468,918		2,059,415		3,665,597	3,986,823		2,333,461		1,848,616		2,107,791		2,729,526		4,394,904	4,630,120
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(16,584,462)	_	(15,324,463)	_	(23,317,398)	 (20,499,382)	_	(19,435,302)		(20,469,006)		(19,171,750)	_	(22,584,218)	_	(20,814,528)	(21,745,641)
Total Primary																		
Government Net Position	\$	13,286,272	\$	15,668,365	\$	9,159,461	\$ 13,821,593	\$	19,384,606	\$	20,310,355	\$	21,928,746	\$	23,808,053	\$	25,842,608	\$ 21,058,467

**Notes:**(1) In fiscal year 2018, the City implemented a new OPEB standard which required reporting the total OPEB liability on the statement of net position, resulting in an increase in the net negative unrestricted amount.

<sup>(2)</sup> In fiscal year 2022, the City implemented GASB 87.

#### Exhibit V-A

#### City of Hapeville, Georgia Total Government-Wide Net Position (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)



## City of Hapeville, Georgia General Governmental Revenues by Source (Unaudited) <sup>1</sup> Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

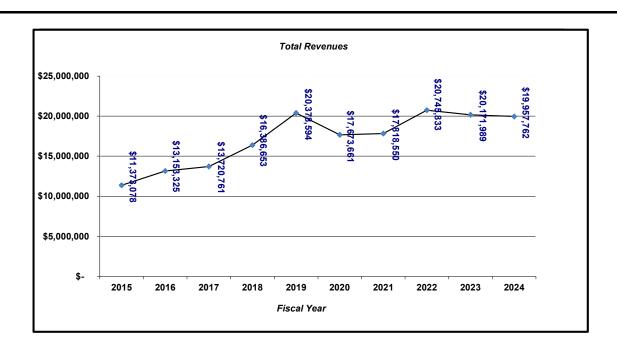
	_	2015	201	6	2017	 2018	_	2019	_	2020	_	2021	_	2022	_	2023		2024
Revenue Source																		
Taxes	\$	9,642,439	\$ 11,45	52,396	\$ 11,452,396	\$ 11,924,128	\$	13,918,539	\$	13,904,632	\$	13,347,004	\$	14,331,341	\$	16,224,636	\$	16,275,614
Licenses and permits		210,250	29	93,601	715,397	519,926		341,141		707,583		580,767		1,555,739		875,797		598,811
Charges for services		353,917	34	14,438	434,378	479,351		566,222		597,868		474,714		649,752		705,566		677,416
Fines and forfeitures		480,305	20	03,109	180,778	209,066		145,469		462,517		492,613		535,833		496,033		549,307
Intergovernmental		640,843	79	91,677	681,579	3,054,072		5,334,753		1,904,573		2,822,562		3,495,551		1,741,836		1,763,542
Contributions		8,360	2	28,042	12,192	5,290		17,656		4,630		500		14,830		16,920		31,460
Investment earnings		191		218	448	781		53		5,847		13		7		7		8
Other local revenue	_	36,773	3	39,844	243,593	 194,039	_	54,761		86,011	_	100,377		162,780	_	111,194	_	61,604
Total revenues	\$	11,373,078	\$ 13,15	53,325	\$ 13,720,761	\$ 16,386,653	\$	20,378,594	\$	17,673,661	\$	17,818,550	\$	20,745,833	\$	20,171,989	\$	19,957,762
% change from prior year	_	-0.7%		15.7%	4.3%	 19.4%	_	24.4%	_	-13.3%	_	0.8%	_	16.4%	_	-2.8%	_	-1.1%
_	_																	
Taxes		84.8%		87.1%	83.5%	72.8%		68.3%		78.7%		74.9%		69.1%		80.4%		81.6%
Licenses and permits		1.8%		2.2%	5.2%	3.2%		1.7%		4.0%		3.3%		7.5%		4.3%		3.0%
Charges for services		3.1%		2.6%	3.2%	2.9%		2.8%		3.4%		2.7%		3.1%		3.5%		3.4%
Fines and forfeitures		4.2%		1.5%	1.3%	1.3%		0.7%		2.6%		2.8%		2.6%		2.5%		2.8%
Grant revenue Contributions		5.6% 0.1%		6.0%	5.0% 0.1%	18.6%		26.2% 0.1%		10.8%		15.8% 0.0%		16.8% 0.1%		8.6% 0.1%		8.8% 0.2%
				0.2%		0.0%												0.2%
Investment earnings		0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		
Other local revenue	_	0.4%		0.4%	1.8%	 1.2%	_	0.3%	_	0.5%	_	0.6%		0.8%		0.6%		0.3%
Total revenues		100.0%	1	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%

Notes:

1 Includes all governmental fund types.

Data Source: Applicable years' annual financial report.

#### City of Hapeville, Georgia Chart-General Governmental Revenues (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)



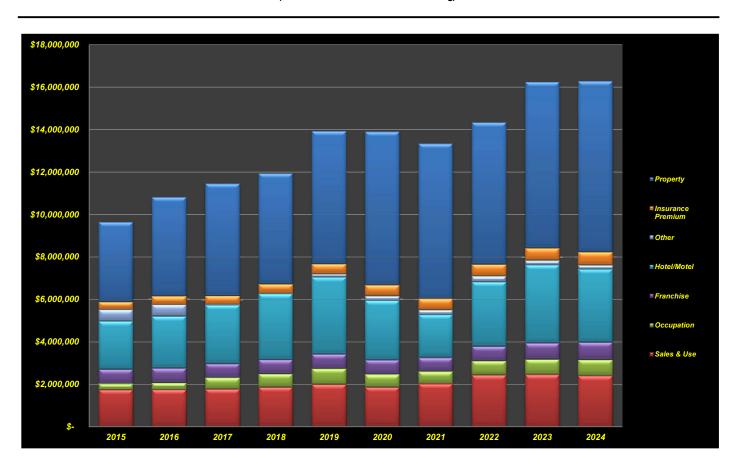
# City of Hapeville, Georgia Tax Revenues by Source - Governmental Funds (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

For The Fiscal Year		Durant	0-1 11	iness and	F.			nsurance		Hotel/		045		T-4-1
Ended June 30,		Property	Sales and Use	 cupation		ranchise		Premium	_	Motel	_	Other		Total
2015	\$	3,751,618	\$ 1,739,336	\$ 289,887	\$	673,023	\$	354,276	\$	2,275,691	\$	558,608		9,642,439
2016 2017		4,650,084	1,751,341 1.771.491	324,329 545,769		679,502 653.527		391,735 407.163		2,462,623 2,771,189		546,226 23,171		0,805,840 1,452,396
		5,280,086	, , -	•		,-						•		
2018		5,198,135	1,865,494	631,991		665,196		433,106		3,108,228		21,978		1,924,128
2019		6,248,912	1,992,229	751,228		681,134		466,835		3,636,829		141,372		3,918,539
2020		7,236,669	1,867,684	599,053		689,010		510,484		2,801,045		200,687		3,904,632
2021		7,303,874	2,030,907	579,565		650,940		537,202		2,022,758		221,758		3,347,004
2022		6,675,929	2,441,710	662,987		690,475		554,124		3,032,107		274,009		4,331,341
2023		7,820,914	2,468,745	713,431		766,004		567,472		3,680,574		207,496		6,224,636
2024		8,042,293	2,411,791	752,957		816,906		617,133		3,445,766		188,768	1	6,275,614
Change in Dollars														
ver 10 Years	_	114.4%	38.7%	159.7%		21.4%		74.2%	_	51.4%	_	-66.2%		68.89
	_					Percentage	of Tot	al						
2015		38.9%	18.0%	3.0%		7.0%		3.7%		23.6%		5.8%		100.0%
2016		43.0%	16.2%	3.0%		6.3%		3.6%		22.8%		5.1%		100.0%
2017		46.1%	15.5%	4.8%		5.7%		3.6%		24.2%		0.2%		100.0%
2018		43.6%	15.6%	5.3%		5.6%		3.6%		26.1%		0.2%		100.0%
2019		44.9%	14.3%	5.4%		4.9%		3.4%		26.1%		1.0%		100.0%
2020		52.0%	13.4%	4.3%		5.0%		3.7%		20.1%		1.4%		100.0%
2021		54.7%	15.2%	4.3%		4.9%		4.0%		15.2%		1.6%		100.0%
2022		46.6%	17.0%	4.6%		5.2%		4.2%		22.7%		2.0%		100.0%
2023		48.2%	15.2%	4.4%		5.7%		4.3%		27.6%		1.5%		100.0%
2024		49.4%	14.8%	4.6%		6.1%		4.6%		25.8%		1.4%		100.0%

Data Source:

Applicable years' annual financial report.

#### City of Hapeville, Georgia Chart-Tax Revenues by Source - Governmental Funds (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)



#### City of Hapeville, Georgia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (Unaudited) <sup>1</sup> Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Function	2015		2016		2017	_	2018		2019 <sup>2</sup>	_	2020	_	2021	_	2022	_	2023	_	2024
Current:																			
General government	\$ 2,152,	48 5	2,265,142	\$	3,140,702	\$	2,729,155	\$	2,389,436	\$	2,497,277	\$	2,803,651	\$	3,520,410	\$	3,366,861	\$	3,172,201
Judicial		-	-		128,399		128,537		148,668		308,218		304,382		328,694		325,851		373,868
Public safety	5,082,8	74	6,175,585		5,229,710		5,387,641		5,475,912		6,693,118		7,458,803		7,374,225		8,015,895		8,743,243
Highways and streets	653,	02	645,837		731,217		662,784		811,407		829,856		922,443		2,574,626 3		3,672,808		3,087,439
Culture and recreation	522,0	123	512,870		1,607,025		1,514,033		1,508,680		1,754,389		1,736,042		1,924,719		992,361		964,481
Parks and ground	802,0	37	711,505												-				
Planning and zoning	234,	28	232,704		281,799		179,123		164,460		285,311		176,056		854,559 <sup>3</sup>		298.311		274,397
Trade, tourism and development	695,		686,384		849,574		2,008,033		4,088,543		2,678,510		1,639,296		2,068,621		2,466,263		2,698,411
Total Current	10,143,	60	11,230,027		11,968,426	_	12,609,306	_	14,587,106		15,046,679		15,040,673	_	18,645,854	_	19,138,350	_	19,314,040
% Change From Prior Year	3	6%	10.7%		6.6%	_	5.4%	_	15.7%		3.2%		0.0%	_	24.0%	_	2.6%	_	0.9%
Capital Outlay	957,	84	1,133,938		718,560	_	2,349,152		6,054,963		2,117,293	_	1,559,152	_	1,257,045	_	2,260,479	_	720,340
% Change From Prior Year	11	4%	18.4%		-36.6%		226.9%		157.8%		-65.0%		-26.4%	_	-19.4%	_	79.8%	_	-68.1%
Debt Service																			
Principal	125,	52	226,234		301,243		323,101		338,556		408,374		375,487		465,350		394,039		573,932
Interest and fees	11,0	08	22,095		44,846	_	48,535	_	61,350		60,495		63,272	_	12,505	_	42,465	_	80,069
Total Debt Service	136,	60	248,329		346,089	_	371,636		399,906		468,869	_	438,759	_	477,855	_	436,504	_	654,001
% Change From Prior Year	-31	4%	81.8%		39.4%	_	7.4%	_	7.6%	_	17.2%	_	-6.4%	_	8.9%	_	-8.7%	_	49.8%
Total Expenditures	\$ 11,237,	04 5	12,612,294	\$	13,033,075	\$	15,330,094	\$	21,041,975	\$	17,632,841	\$	17,038,584	\$	20,380,754	\$	21,835,333	\$	20,688,381
% Change From Prior Year	3	.0%	12.2%		3.3%		17.6%		37.3%	_	-16.2%	_	-3.4%	_	19.6%	_	7.1%	_	-5.3%
Debt Service as a % of																			
Noncapital Expenditures	1	3%	2.2%	. —	2.8%	_	2.9%		3.0%		3.3%	_	3.2%	_	2.5%		2.3%		3.5%

Data Source:
Applicable years' annual financial report.

Notes:

1 Includes all governmental fund types.

2 In fiscal year 2019, trade, tourism, and development costs included expenditures for theater renovations.

3 In fiscal year 2022, the City experienced significant development and construction costs as projects started to back up following delays during the COVID-19 pandemic.

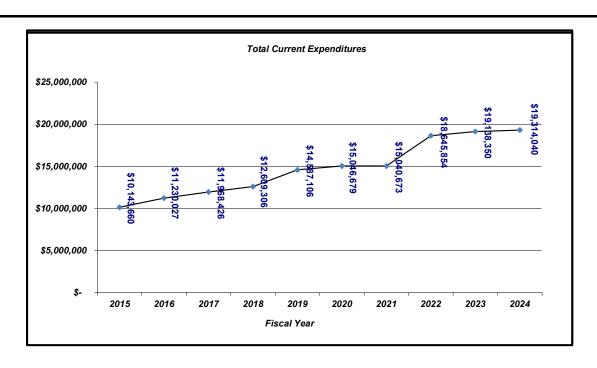
#### City of Hapeville, Georgia General Governmental Current Expenditures by Function (Unaudited) (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	_	2015	_	2016		2017		2018	_	2019 (2)	_	2020	_	2021		2022	_	2023		2024
Function																				
Current:																				
General government	\$	2,152,548	\$	2.265.142	\$	3.140.702	\$	2,729,155	\$	2,389,436	\$	2,497,277	s	2.803.651	\$	3,520,410	s	3,366,861	\$	3,172,201
Judicial			·			128.399		128,537	·	148,668		308,218		304.382	·	328.694		325.851		373,868
Public safety		5,082,874		6,175,585		5,229,710		5,387,641		5,475,912		6,693,118		7,458,803		7,374,225		8,015,895		8,743,243
Highways and streets		653.502		645,837		731,217		662.784		811.407		829,856		922.443		2,574,626 (3	3)	3,672,808		3,087,439
Culture and recreation		522.023		512,870		1,607,025		1,514,033		1,508,680		1,754,389		1,736,042		1,924,719	,	992,361		964,481
Parks and grounds		802,037		711,505		- 1,007,020		-		-,000,000		-		- 1,7 00,0 12				-		-
Planning and zoning		234,728		232,704		281,799		179,123		164,460		285,311		176,056		854,559 (3	3)	298,311		274,397
Trade, tourism and development	_	695,948	_	686,384	_	849,574	_	2,008,033	_	4,088,543		2,678,510		1,639,296		2,068,621	_	2,466,263	_	2,698,411
Total Current	\$	10,143,660	\$	11,230,027	\$	11,968,426	\$	12,609,306	\$	14,587,106	\$	15,046,679	\$	15,040,673	\$	18,645,854	\$	19,138,350	\$	19,314,040
Current:	_																			
General government		21.2%		20.2%		26.2%		21.6%		16.4%		16.6%		18.6%		18.9%		17.6%		16.4%
Judicial		0.0%		0.0%		1.1%		1.0%		1.0%		2.0%		2.0%		1.8%		1.7%		1.9%
Public safety		50.1%		55.0%		43.7%		42.7%		37.5%		44.5%		49.6%		39.5%		41.9%		45.3%
Public works		6.4%		5.8%		6.1%		5.3%		5.6%		5.5%		6.1%		13.8%		19.2%		16.0%
Culture and recreation		5.1%		4.6%		13.4%		12.0%		10.3%		11.7%		11.5%		10.3%		5.2%		5.0%
Parks and grounds		7.9%		6.3%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%
Planning, zoning and development		2.3%		2.1%		2.4%		1.4%		1.1%		1.9%		1.2%		4.6%		1.6%		1.4%
Trade and tourism	_	6.9%	_	6.1%	_	7.1%		15.9%	_	28.0%		17.8%	_	10.9%	_	11.1%	_	12.9%	_	14.0%
Total Current		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%		100.0%

Data Source:
Applicable years' annual financial report.

Notes:
(1) Includes all governmental fund types.
(2) Fiscal year 2019 trade, tourism and development expenditures included additional expenditures for theater renovations.
(3) In fiscal year 2022, the City experienced significant development and construction costs as projects started to back up following delays during the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### City of Hapeville, Georgia Chart-General Governmental Current Expenditures (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)



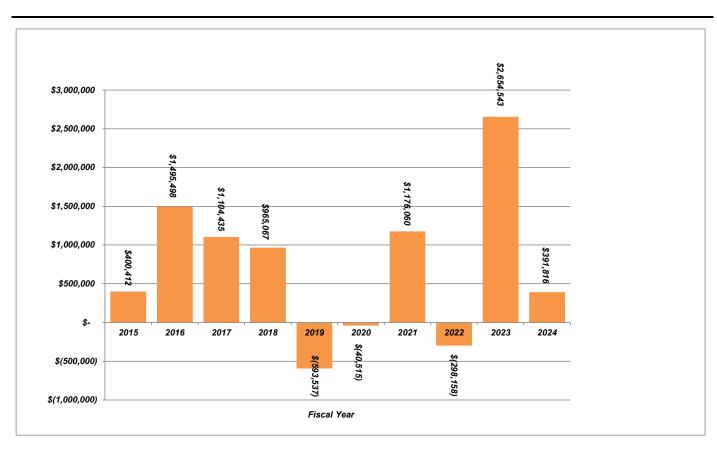
#### City of Hapeville, Georgia Summary of Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Source	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Total Revenues	\$ 11,373,078	\$ 13,153,325	\$ 13,720,761	\$ 16,386,653	\$ 20,378,594	\$ 17,673,661	\$ 17,818,550	\$ 20,745,833	\$ 20,171,989	\$ 19,957,762
Total Expenditures	11,237,804	12,612,294	13,033,075	15,330,094	21,041,975	17,632,841	17,038,584	20,380,754	21,835,333	20,688,381
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures	135,274	541,031	687,686	1,056,559	(663,381)	40,820	779,966	365,079	(1,663,344)	(730,619)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Financed purchases	-	1,290,807	319,088	347,764	554,564	273,501	853,592	-	395,346	1,133,286
Sale of capital assets	-	25,000	-	-	-	-	337,550	-	383,433	9,582
Transfers in	3,186,516	3,113,335	3,608,731	3,248,254	3,914,833	3,459,723	2,595,919	3,975,583	10,046,039	(3,434,972)
Transfers out	(2,921,378)	(3,474,675)	(3,511,070)	(3,687,510)	(4,399,553)	(3,814,559)	(3,390,967)	(4,638,820)	(6,506,931)	3,414,539
Total Other Financing										
Sources (Uses)	265,138	954,467	416,749	(91,492)	69,844	(81,335)	396,094	(663,237)	4,317,887	1,122,435
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 400,412	\$ 1,495,498	\$ 1,104,435	\$ 965,067	\$ (593,537)	\$ (40,515)	\$ 1,176,060	\$ (298,158)	\$ 2,654,543	\$ 391,816

Data Source:

Applicable years' annual financial report.

#### City of Hapeville, Georgia Chart-Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)



#### City of Hapeville, Georgia Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021 2022	2023	2024
General Fund									
Nonspendable Restricted-Program Purposes	51,008	50,734	\$ 116,047 84,926	\$ 17,699 46,583	047,333	\$ 922,606 356,158	\$ 1,224,247 \$ 1,157,86 645,105 877,18	2 1,753,706	\$ 3,809,040 1,493,456
Unassigned	765,489	1,189,853	1,129,057	1,324,756	2,000,404	1,897,150	2,760,072 1,280,39	374,986	(259,700)
Total General Fund	964,233	1,407,536	1,330,030	1,389,038	2,954,727	3,175,914	4,629,424 3,315,44	5,604,680	5,042,796
General Fund Percentage Change	11.1%	46.0%	-5.5%	4.4%	112.7%	7.5%	45.8% -28.4	% 69.0%	-10.0%
All Other Governmental Funds  Nonspendable  Restricted:	-		351,139	-	-	-	-		-
Program Purposes Assigned	516,622	943,929	2,117,690	3,031,929	872,703	614,011	320,615 1,118,17 12,936 231,20		2,233,798 434,579
Unassigned (Deficit)			(342,959)			(3,010)		<del></del>	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	516,622	943,929	2,125,870	3,031,929	872,703	611,001	333,551 1,349,37	5 1,714,677	2,668,377
All Other Governmental Funds Percentage Change	143.3%	82.7%	125.2%	42.6%	-71.2%	-30.0%	<u>-45.4%</u> <u>304.5</u>	% 27.1%	55.6%
Total Governmental Funds Nonspendable Restricted Assigned	147,736 567,630	166,949 994,663	467,186 2,202,616	17,699 3,078,512	306,384 1,520,642	922,606 970,169	1,224,247 1,157,86 965,720 1,995,35 12,936 231,20	7 3,242,800	3,809,040 3,727,254 434,579
Unassigned	765,489	1,189,853	786,098	1,324,756	2,000,404	1,894,140	2,760,072 1,280,39		(259,700)
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,480,855	\$ 2,351,465	\$ 3,455,900	\$ 4,420,967	\$ 3,827,430	\$ 3,786,915	\$ 4,962,975 \$ 4,664,81	7 \$ 7,319,357	\$ 7,711,173
All Governmental Funds Percentage Change	37.1%	58.8%	47.0%	27.9%	-13.4%	-1.1%	31.1% -6.0	% 56.9%	5.4%

Notes:

\*\* The City dissolved the Hapeville Association of Trade and Tourism, which was previously reported as a blended component unit and major special revenue fund. These fund balances are now reported in the General Fund. 
Data Source:

Applicable years' annual financial report.

#### City of Hapeville, Georgia

#### Taxable Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Property By Type (Unaudited) Last Ten Calendar Years

									Amou	nts										
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		Residential Property	 Commercial Property	_	Industrial Property		Utility Property		Motor Vehicles		Other Property <sup>2</sup>	1	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	т	otal Taxable Assessed Value <sup>1</sup>	D	Fotal Direct Tax Rate <sup>3</sup>	_	Estimated Actual Value	Annual Percentage Change
2015	\$	46,201,180	\$ 199,786,880	\$	9,342,080	\$	5,585,087	\$	7,102,350	\$	19,080	\$	8,292,600	\$	259,744,057		16.610	\$	649,360,143	-1.1%
2016		45,694,000	199,454,270		9,114,920		7,372,269		5,237,390		14,800		7,512,400		259,375,249		16.610		648,438,123	-0.1%
2017		46,282,180	205,240,460		16,488,000		20,331,731		4,025,640		28,800		7,225,550		285,171,261		16.610		712,928,153	9.9%
2018		47,735,190	312,457,620		16,113,920		27,267,698		2,902,570		28,800		10,240,610		396,265,188		16.610		990,662,970	39.0%
2019		92,655,980	230,352,900		16,868,000		32,176,619		2,066,900		93,080		7,627,470		366,586,009		16.610		916,465,023	-7.5%
2020		113,906,300	268,208,410		16,898,680		35,698,772		1,584,490		108,360		7,803,640		428,601,372		16.610		1,071,503,430	16.9%
2021		128,101,400	268,106,720		17,322,760		37,538,572		1,281,810		116,520		11,827,920		440,639,862		16.610		1,101,599,655	2.8%
2022		144,587,410	242,062,060		19,135,560		55,194,879		934,410		129,480		13,816,080		448,227,719		15.729		1,120,569,298	1.7%
2023		188,629,730	256,828,740		17,920,640		28,856,478		746,640		75,200		3,243,280		489,814,148		15.729		1,224,535,370	9.3%
2024		220,213,960	253,266,280		18,544,000		42,743,757		688,770		105,520		7,211,520		528,350,767		15.209		1,320,876,918	7.9%
	\$	107,400,733	\$ 243,576,434	\$	15,774,856	\$	29,276,586	\$	2,657,097	\$	71,964	\$	8,480,107	\$	390,277,563	\$	16	\$	975,693,908	
**		376.6%	26.8%		98.5%		665.3%		-90.3%		453.0%		-13.0%		103.4%		-8.4%		103.4%	
	_					Perc	entage of Tot	al As	ssessed Value											
2015		17.2%	74.5%		3.5%		2.1%		2.6%		0.0%		3.2%		96.8%					
2016		17.1%	74.7%		3.4%		2.8%		2.0%		0.0%		2.8%		97.2%					
2017		15.8%	70.2%		5.6%		7.0%		1.4%		0.0%		2.5%		97.5%					
2018		11.7%	76.9%		4.0%		6.7%		0.7%		0.0%		2.5%		97.5%					
2019		24.8%	61.6%		4.5%		8.6%		0.6%		0.0%		2.0%		98.0%					
2020		26.1%	61.5%		3.9%		8.2%		0.4%		0.0%		1.8%		98.2%					
2021		28.3%	59.3%		3.8%		8.3%		0.3%		0.0%		2.6%		97.4%					
2022		31.3%	52.4%		4.1%		11.9%		0.2%		0.0%		3.0%		97.0%					
2023		38.3%	52.1%		3.6%		5.9%		0.2%		0.0%		0.7%		99.3%					
2024		41.1%	47.3%		3.5%		8.0%		0.1%		0.0%		1.3%		98.7%					

#### Notes:

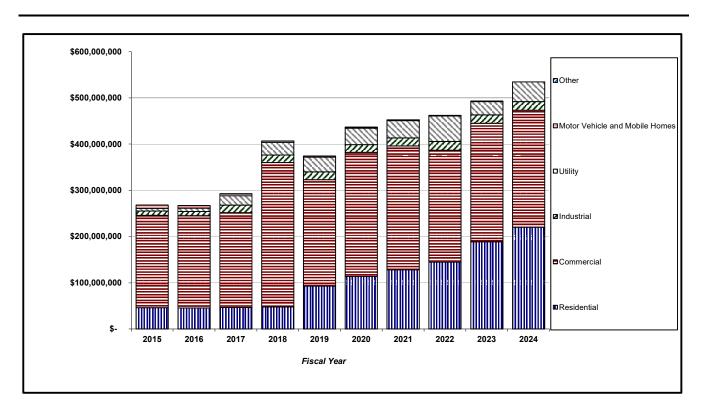
Data Source:
Georgia Department of Revenue, Tax Digest Consolidation Summary
http://dor.georgia.gov/county-ad-valorem-tax-digest-consolidated-summaries

<sup>\*</sup> Dollar average for ten years.
\*\* Percentage change in dollars over ten years.

<sup>All property is assessed at 40% of fair market value.
Generally includes timber and heavy equipment.
Tax rates expressed in rate per \$1,000.</sup> 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The fiscal year indicated above reports the tax digest from the prior calendar year.

#### City of Hapeville, Georgia Chart-Total Assessed Value (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)



# City of Hapeville, Georgia Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed taxable value)

	Direct	Overlapping <sup>1</sup>									
Fiscal Year	Updated City Rate	State of Georgia <sup>2</sup>	Updated Amounts Fulton County	Fulton County School Board							
2015	16.610	0.100	12.051	18.502							
2016	16.610	0.050	10.500	18.502							
2017	16.610	0.000	10.450	18.483							
2018	16.440	0.000	10.380	18.546							
2019	16.440	0.000	10.200	18.546							
2020	16.110	0.000	10.200	17.796							
2021	16.000	0.000	10.200	17.796							
2022	15.729	0.000	9.330	17.590							
2023	15.729	0.000	8.870	17.240							
2024	15.209	0.000	8.870	17.140							

#### Notes:

#### Data Source:

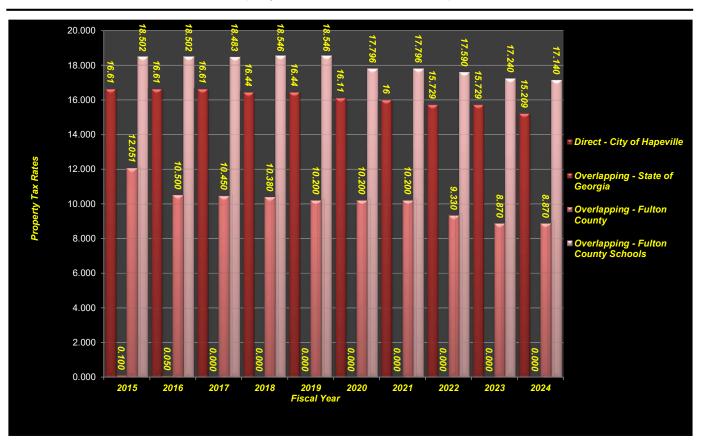
Georgia Department of Revenue, Property Tax Division,

https://dor.georgia.gov/local-government-services/digest-compliance-section/property-tax-millage-rates

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Overlapping rates are those of governments that overlap the City's geographic boundaries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This tax phased out beginning in fiscal year 2013.

City of Hapeville, Georgia Chart-Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years - Updated with Year 2023 - 2014 (rate per \$1,000 of assessed taxable value)



# City of Hapeville, Georgia Property Tax Levies and Collections (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (in \$1,000)

		Collected W	ithin the				Tot	al		
	Taxes Levied	Fiscal Year o	f The Levy	Collections	Total Collection	ons to Date	Uncollected Taxes 1			
Fiscal	for the		Percentage	in Subsequent		Percentage		Percentage		
Year	Calendar Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy	Amount	of Levy		
2015	3,895	3,841	98.61%	46	3,887	99.79%	8	99.79%		
2016	4,569	4,529	99.12%	30	4,559	99.78%	10	99.78%		
2017	4,942	4,710	95.31%	211	4,921	99.58%	21	99.58%		
2018	4,975	4,822	96.92%	146	4,968	99.86%	7	99.86%		
2019	5,934	5,794	97.64%	133	5,927	99.88%	7	99.88%		
2020	6,928	6,780	97.86%	140	6,920	99.88%	8	99.88%		
2021	7,060	6,947	98.40%	101	7,048	99.83%	12	99.83%		
2022	6,617	6,450	97.48%	147	6,597	99.70%	20	99.70%		
2023	7,331	7,184	97.99%	94	7,278	99.28%	53	99.28%		
2024	7,642	7,512	98.30%	-	7,512	98.30%	130	98.30%		

#### Notes:

## Data Source: City Tax Office

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The amounts reported in the total uncollected taxes column are the uncollected taxes for each tax levy.

# City of Hapeville, Georgia Principal Property Taxpayers (Unaudited) Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2015

	2024					2015	l		
Principal Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Principal Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
WS HAA OWNER LLC	\$	63,000,000	1	5.91%	DIGITAL DOUG DAVIS LLC	\$	46,604,000	1	9.07%
DIGITAL DOUG DAVIS LLC		45,974,200	2	4.31%	HAPEVILLE LTD PARTNERSHIP		42,976,500	2	8.37%
BLUE ATLANTIC HARTSFIELD LP		43,152,700	3	4.05%	BELL FUND IV ASBURY PARK APART		35,065,700	3	6.83%
MIKEONE EK ATL OPS CENTER LLC		42,649,900	4	4.00%	DELTA AIR LINES INC		30,183,228	4	5.88%
DELTA AIR LINES INC		30,925,800	5	2.90%	ATL AIRPORT PR1 LLC		28,289,000	5	5.51%
PORSCHE CARS NORTH AMERICA INC		21,976,400	6	2.06%	NFR ECP I 3343 ATLANTA OPS CEN		27,396,571	6	5.33%
LAMODAR LLC		19,500,000	7	1.83%	CITY OF ATLANTA		16,705,200	7	3.25%
APSILON MANAGEMENT ATLANTA LLC		14,161,800	8	1.33%	HOSPITALITY PROPERTIES INC		9,181,200	8	1.79%
STATE BANK OF TEXAS		13,465,800	9	1.26%	PORSCHE CARS NORTH AMERICA INC		9,122,200	9	1.78%
DIAMOND HOLDINGS AND HOSPITALITY		12,814,900	10	1.20%	DELTA COMMUNITY CREDIT UNION	_	8,700,000	10	1.69%
Total Principal Taxpayers		307,621,500		28.84%	Total Principal Taxpayers		254,223,599		49.50%
All Other Taxpayers		759,113,830		71.16%	All Other Taxpayers		259,345,275		50.50%
Total	\$	1,066,735,330		100.00%	Total	\$	513,568,874		100.00%

#### Data Source:

City Tax Office/INCODE Tax Module/Statistics Reports

## Direct and Overlapping Sales and Use Tax Rates (Unaudited) Last Ten Calendar Years

	Direct		Ove	rlapping		Total
Calendar Year	City LOST <sup>1</sup>	Fulton County⁴	State of Georgia	Fulton County Schools <sup>2</sup>	MARTA <sup>3</sup>	Direct and Overlapping Rates
2015	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	8.00%
2016	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	8.00%
2017	1.00%	2.00%	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	9.00%
2018	1.00%	2.00%	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	9.00%
2019	1.00%	2.00%	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	9.00%
2020	1.00%	2.00%	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	9.00%
2021	1.00%	2.00%	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	9.00%
2022	1.00%	2.00%	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	9.00%
2023	1.00%	2.00%	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	9.00%
2024	1.00%	2.00%	4.00%	1.00%	1.00%	9.00%

#### Notes:

#### Data Source:

Georgia Department of Revenue, Sales and Use Tax Division http://dor.georgia.gov/documents/historical-sales-tax-rate-chart

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The local option sales tax (LOST) was approved by referendum effective January 1, 1979 and is effective indefinitely. The City is required to reduce their property tax millage rate in the current year by the amount of these taxes collected in the prior year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The current education special purpose local option sales tax was approved effective July 1, 2012 and expired June 30, 2017. The latter tax is being used to construct new school buildings and renovate existing school buildings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This sales tax rate is levied in counties in the Metropolitan Atlanta Rapid Transit Authority (MARTA) district which have a service contract with MARTA, currently Fulton and DeKalb counties.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The transportation sales tax was approved April 1, 2017.

# Water Consumption Billed (Unaudited) (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		
Year	Gallons	% Change
2015	209,846,000	-1.1%
2016	220,707,000	5.2%
2017	232,370,000	5.3%
2018	224,782,000	-3.3%
2019	227,299,000	1.1%
2020 <sup>(2)</sup>	182,265,400	-19.8%
2021	180,065,557	-1.2%
2022	186,994,602	3.8%
2023 <sup>(3)</sup>	229,099,436	22.5%
2024	225,634,544	-1.5%

#### Data Source:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> City's billing department.

<sup>(2)</sup> Decline is due to new and more accurate meter reading system.

 $<sup>^{(3)}</sup>$  Increase in consumption is attributable to completed development projects being placed into service in fiscal year 2023.

#### Water Service Rates (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Minimum charge (0-2k gal)	\$ 17.56	\$ 20.56	\$ 20.56							
0-2k gal	8.78	8.78	8.78	8.78	8.78	8.78	8.78	8.78	10.53	10.53
2k-10k gal	8.78	8.78	8.78	8.78	8.78	8.78	8.78	8.78	10.53	10.53
10k-50k	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50k+ gal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10k-16k gal	10.98	10.98	10.98	10.98	10.98	10.98	10.98	10.98	12.73	12.73
16k gal	17.56	17.56	17.56	17.56	17.56	17.56	17.56	17.56	19.31	19.31

#### Data Source:

City Customer Service Department

#### Number of Water Customer Accounts at Fiscal Year-End (Unaudited) <sup>1</sup> Last Ten Fiscal Years

	av
Number	% Change
0.400	0.00/
2,129	2.6%
2,156	1.3%
2,100	-2.6%
2,188	4.2%
2,205	0.8%
2,267	2.8%
2,320	2.3%
2,317	-0.1%
2,344	1.2%
2,350	0.3%
	2,100 2,188 2,205 2,267 2,320 2,317 2,344

#### Data Source:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> City Customer Service Department.

#### Ten Largest Customers - Water Service (Unaudited) Fiscal Years 2024 and 2015

	Fiscal Yea	r 2024		Fiscal Year 2015							
Rank	Customer	Consumption Gallons (000)	%	Customer	Consumption Gallons (000)	%					
1	WS HAA OWNER, LLC	19,112	9.4%	DIGITAL DOUG DAVIS, LLC	13,514	14.0%					
2	INCITY SUITES	11,707	5.8%	HPT CY TRS, INC.	5,276	5.4%					
3	BLUE ATLANTIC HARTSFIELD, LP	10,997	5.4%	DELTA AIRLINES INC. RESERV.	4,485	4.6%					
4	ACRON 2 PORSCHE AVE.	7,216	3.6%	STAYBRIDGE SUITES	2,891	3.0%					
5	DELTA AIRLINES, INC. RESERV.	5,435	2.7%	QD PROPERTIES LLC	2,423	2.5%					
6	PORSCHE CARS NORTH AMERICA	5,172	2.5%	MARROTT INC. SITE #57231 C/O	2,318	2.4%					
7	MIKEONE EK ATL OPS CENTER, LLC	4,288	2.1%	DELTA AIRLINES, INC. RESERV	2,170	2.2%					
8	HPT CY TRS, INC.	3,886	1.9%	PORSCHE CARS NORTH AMERICA	1,950	2.0%					
9	QD PROPERTIES, LLC	3,104	1.5%	FRANKLIN VILLAGE	1,885	1.9%					
10	HOLIDAY INN EXPRESS HAPEVILLE	3,027	1.5%	VIRGINIA 800, LLC	1,825	1.9%					
	Total Ten Largest Customers	73,944	36.4%	Total Ten Largest Customers	38,737	40.0%					
	All Other Customers	128,970	63.6%	All Other Customers	58,079	60.0%					
	Total	202,914	100.0%	Total	96,816	100.0%					

Data Source:

City Water Department

#### Sewer Service Rates (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,																		
	 2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	_	2023	 2024	
Minimum charge (0-2k gal)	\$ 12.24	\$	12.24	\$	12.24	\$	12.24	\$	12.24	\$	12.24	\$	12.24	\$	12.24	\$	12.24	\$ 12.24	
0-2k gal	6.12		6.12		6.12		6.12		6.12		6.12		6.12		6.12		6.12	6.12	
2k-10k gal	7.77		7.77		7.77		7.77		7.77		7.77		7.77		7.77		7.77	7.77	
10k-50k	8.58		8.58		8.58		8.58		8.58		8.58		8.58		8.58		8.58	8.58	
50k+	8.99		8.99		8.99		8.99		8.99		8.99		8.99		8.99		8.99	8.99	

#### Data Source:

City Customer Service Department

## Ratios of Total Debt Outstanding by Type (Unaudited) <sup>1</sup> Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Governmen	ntal Activities				ess-Type ivities					
June 30,	Certificates of Participation	Notes	Financed Purchases	Total	Revenue Bonds	Financed Purchases	Notes Payable	Total	Grand Total	Percentage of Personal Income	Estimated <sup>2</sup> Population	Per Capita
2015			427,529	427,529	15,345,000			15,345,000	15,772,529	10.073%	6,614	2,385
2016	-	-	1,492,102	1,492,102	14,165,000	-	-	14,165,000	15,657,102	9.689%	6,603	2,371
2017	-	-	1,509,947	1,509,947	12,925,000	-	-	12,925,000	14,434,947	8.962%	6,581	2,193
2018	-	-	1,534,610	1,534,610	11,630,000	-	-	11,630,000	13,164,610	8.174%	6,581	2,000
2019	-	-	1,750,618	1,750,618	10,280,000	-	-	10,280,000	12,030,618	7.383%	6,658	1,807
2020	-	-	1,615,745	1,615,745	9,015,000	-	1,047,027	10,062,027	11,677,772	7.369%	6,534	1,787
2021	-	-	2,093,850	2,093,850	7,465,000	-	1,062,619	8,527,619	10,621,469	6.603%	6,553	1,621
2022	-	-	1,628,500	1,628,500	5,870,000	-	1,014,192	6,884,192	8,512,692	4.851%	6,538	1,302
2023	-	-	1,629,807	1,629,807	8,185,000	-	965,157	9,150,157	10,779,964	5.609%	6,575	1,640
2024	-	_	2.189.161	2.189.161	6.675.000	435.622	915.505	8.026.127	10.215.288	4.527%	6.691	1.527

**Data Sources:**<sup>1</sup> Applicable years' annual financial report.

<sup>2</sup> Exhibit XXVI.

## Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt (Unaudited) June 30, 2024

Governmental Unit	_	ebt anding	Estimated Percentage Applicable <sup>1</sup>	Estimated Share of Underlying Debt		
Overlapping General Obligation Debt <sup>2,3</sup>						
Fulton County, Georgia	\$ 21	6,173,662	0.48%	\$	1,041,686	
Total Overlapping Debt	21	6,173,662			1,041,686	
City Direct Debt						
Financed purchases		2,189,161	100.00%		2,189,161	
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 21	8,362,823		\$	3,230,847	

#### Notes:

#### Data Source:

Each specific government

The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the County's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by the County's total taxable assessed value.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Outstanding debt obtained from Fulton County ACFR as of 12-31-23.

## Legal Debt Margin (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>-</u>										
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Taxable Assessed Value <sup>1</sup>	\$ 259,744,057	\$ 259,375,249	\$ 285,171,261	\$ 396,265,188	\$ 366,586,009	\$ 428,601,372	\$ 440,639,862	\$ 448,227,719	\$ 489,814,148	\$ 528,350,767
Legal Debt Margin										
Debt limit (10% of assessed value) <sup>2</sup>	\$ 25,974,406	\$ 25,937,525	\$ 28,517,126	\$ 39,626,519	\$ 36,658,601	\$ 42,860,137	\$ 44,063,986	\$ 44,822,772	\$ 48,981,415	\$ 52,835,077
Debt applicable to limit:  General obligation bonds  Less: Amount reserved for	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
repayment of general obligation debt										
Total debt applicable to limit										
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 25,974,406	\$ 25,937,525	\$ 28,517,126	\$ 39,626,519	\$ 36,658,601	\$ 42,860,137	\$ 44,063,986	\$ 44,822,772	\$ 48,981,415	\$ 52,835,077
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a % of the debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Data Source:

1 Exhibit XII

Notes:

<sup>2</sup> Under Article 9, Section 5, Paragraph 1 of the State of Georgia Constitution, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10% of the assessed value of the taxable property located within the City.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The City has no outstanding general obligation debt.

## Demographic and Economic Statistics (Unaudited) Last Ten Calendar Years

				Per C	apita				
					Per Capita		U	nemployment R	ate
Calendar		Personal	Pe	r Capita	Income	Median		State of	United
Year	Population (1)	 Income	lne	come (1)	% of U.S. (1)	Age (1)	County (2)	Georgia (2)	States (2)
2015	6,614	\$ 156,579,836	\$	23,674	78.29%	35.2	6.0%	6.1%	5.3%
2016	6,603	161,595,219		24,473	78.69%	35.2	5.9%	6.3%	5.4%
2017	6,581	161,063,394		24,474	76.52%	35.2	4.3%	4.3%	4.1%
2018	6,581	161,063,394		24,474	72.61%	35.2	3.7%	3.6%	4.0%
2019	6,658	162,947,892		24,474	72.61%	34.8	3.1%	3.4%	3.5%
2020	6,534	158,475,636		24,254	71.96%	33.0	8.3%	6.3%	6.9%
2021	6,553	160,849,938		24,546	68.81%	32.5	5.4%	4.5%	6.1%
2022	6,538	175,473,382		26,839	75.85%	37.5	3.2%	2.9%	3.5%
2023	6,575	192,205,175		29,689	78.88%	38.9	3.4%	3.2%	3.6%
2024	6,691	225,647,284		33,724	81.73%	38.9	3.9%	3.3%	4.1%

<sup>1</sup> U.S. Census Bureau

<sup>2</sup> Georgia Department of Labor

#### Principal Employers (Unaudited)

#### Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2015

	2024					2015			
Employer	Type of Business	Rank	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total Employment	Employer	Type of Business	Rank	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total Employment
DELTA AIR LINES, INC.	Airlines	1	1,392	27.66%	DELTA AIR LINES, INC.	Airlines	1	1,392	28.83%
FEDERAL EXPRESS CORP.	Cargo	2	671	13.33%	NORRED & ASSOCIATES, INC.	Security	2	1,067	22.10%
TRAVELPORT, LP	Reservation - Airlines	3	272	5.41%	TRAVELPORT LP	Reservations	3	272	5.63%
PRIMEFLIGHT AVIATION SVCS., INC.	Airlines	4	227	4.51%	HAPEVELLE HOTEL, LTD	Hotel/Motel	4	206	4.27%
MERRITT HOSPITALITY, LLC	Hotel/Motel	5	186	3.70%	THE DWARF HOUSE	Restaurant	5	106	2.20%
THE DWARF HOUSE	Restaurant	6	106	2.11%	BELL FUND IV ASBURY PARK APTS	Apartments	6	100	2.07%
SYLVAN AIRPORT PARKING, LLC	Airport Parking	7	85	1.69%	SYLVAN AIRPORT PARKING, LLC	Parking	7	80	1.66%
SWISSPORT CARGO SERVICES, LP	Cargo	8	65	1.29%	PRIME FLIGHT AVIATION SERVICE	Aircraft	8	75	1.55%
JACMAT MANAGEMENT	Restaurant	9	55	1.09%	JACMAT MANAGEMENT	Restaurant	9	72	1.49%
MNX GLOBAL LOGISTICS CORP.	Transportation	10	48	0.95%	MNX GLOBAL LOGISTICS CORP.	Logistics	10	55	1.14%

Data Source: City Administration - Business License Listing 2024

# City of Hapeville, Georgia City Employees by Function/Program (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Function/program										
General Government:										
City clerk	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Human resources	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Finance and information technology	5	3	3	5	5	6	6	6	5	6
Purchasing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Planning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	12	13	13	12	10	12	12	12	12	11
Courts	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
Police	54	51	51	41	37	43	43	45	34	34
Fire	33	33	33	34	33	35	33	31	38	33
Sanitation	6	6	6	6	2	1	1	1	1	3
Highways and streets	8	8	8	12	11	11	10	10	10	9
Economic development	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3
Recreation/Hoyt Smith Center	11	10	10	6	5	6	12	11	20	21
Depot Museum	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Water and sewer	6	8	8	7	8	7	7	10	10_	11_
Total	140	140	140	131	118	129	131	133	140	138
Percentage Change From Prior Year	0.7%	0.7%	1.4%	-6.4%	-9.9%	9.3%	11.0%	1.5%	5.3%	-1.6%

#### Data Source:

City Administration - Payroll Service Provider (Paycom)

#### Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Zone offices	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	21	21	21	21	24	29	31	31	42	55
Fire										
Fire stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire administration	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ladder trucks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire engines	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Ambulances	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
Refuse Collections										
Collection trucks	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Other Public Works										
Streets (miles)	34.9	34.9	34.9	34.9	34.9	34.9	34.9	34.9	34.9	34.9
Streetlights	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Traffic signals	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5
Parks and Recreation										
Acreage	34.67	34.67	34.67	34.67	34.67	34.67	34.67	34.67	34.67	34.67
Community centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Water										
Miles of water mains	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Sewer Service										
Miles of sanitary sewers	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24

Data Source

Various City Departments



## **COMPLIANCE SECTION**



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members Of the City Council Hapeville, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Hapeville, Georgia (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2024. Our report also includes a reference to the change in accounting principle resulting from the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Atlanta, Georgia November 18, 2024

### CITY OF HAPEVILLE, GEORGIA

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>	
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes _X_ none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> no

#### Federal Awards

There was not an audit of major federal award programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 due to the total amount expended being less than \$750,000.

## CITY OF HAPEVILLE, GEORGIA

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None noted